

# THE WEATHER

Oakland and vicinity—Occasional rains; moderate southerly winds.

# Oakland Tribune

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# PRESIDENT TO TAKE HAND IN SHIP STRIKE: GERMAN RAIDER SHEDS PORT OF DOVER

## AUSTRIA WILL ACT AT ONCE ON WILSON TIP

President's Speech Is Said to Have Made a Favorable Impression; Count Is Speaker

## PREPARE ANSWERS TO DELIVER NEXT WEEK

Russians Withdrawing From Northeast Galicia; Ukrainians Give Bolsheviks Hard Beating

BERLIN, Feb. 16.—The commission representing the Central Powers left Petrograd yesterday and crossed the German lines this morning, it is alleged, unharmed.

## INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE

LEASED WIRE TO TRIBUNE  
GENEVA, Feb. 16.—"President Wilson's speech constitutes a step toward a general peace, and I shall act at the earliest possible moment," said Count Czernin, the Austrian foreign minister, after reading a copy of the address, according to the Journal today.

The principles enunciated by the American statesman are said to have made a very favorable impression in Vienna.

Conflicting reports continue to arrive as to the date of the war aims speeches expected from Count von Hertling, the German chancellor, and Count Czernin. It is now said that the German chancellor will reply to President Wilson on Tuesday.

On Wednesday of next week and that the Austrian foreign minister will not speak until next week.

ZURICH, Feb. 16.—The Russians have withdrawn from northeast Galicia, allowing the Austro-Hungarian forces to occupy Brody without any opposition, according to information from the Austrian frontier today.

The foregoing despatch indicates that all of the Austrian province of Galicia is now clear of Russian troops for the first time since the war began.

Brody is fifty miles northeast of Limburg and about five miles without the Galician frontier. The Russians occupied the town in their last drive against Limburg.

## BOLSHEVIKI TROOPS ARE BADLY DEFEATED

COPENHAGEN, Feb. 16.—Bolshevik troops were reported today to have been defeated by the Ukrainians in a battle near the town of Krasnodar.

It is believed that the Austro-German army has placed trained officers, and guns at the command of the Ukrainian government.

"Real peace negotiations between the Central powers and Rumania have not been opened, but preliminary negotiations have begun," declared a Berlin despatch received here today. It added that Foreign Minister Kühlmann soon would leave for Bucharest, former capital of Rumania, now in the hands of the Austro-Germans.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—There is much feeling against the Central powers in Warsaw, the capital of Russian Poland, and great excitement prevails, according to an Exchange Telegraph telegram from Copenhagen. The workers are said to be planning demonstrations. The streets are being patrolled by soldiers and policemen.

Much feeling has been aroused in Russian Poland over the Ukrainian peace terms by which the province of Galicia formerly contained in Poland was ceded to the Ukraine. A St. Petersburg newspaper, according to a Zurich despatch Thursday, declared it was reported in Berlin that the Polish ministry at Warsaw had resigned in protest against the peace terms.

A despatch from Amsterdam Friday reported a Berlin newspaper as saying that the Polish members of the Austrian parliament were embittered against Austria because of the peace arrangements. In addition to losing Galicia, Poland was

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 2)

## LINER BURNS OUT

AN ATLANTIC PORT, Feb. 16.—A cargo of general merchandise, valued at about \$750,000, was almost totally destroyed today when fire of unknown origin broke out in the hold of the Scandinavian-American liner Minsk at her pier.

Two companies of United States infantry kept back the spectators who crowded close to the pier to watch the black smoke curling from the liner. River patrol boats battled the blaze.

## Bombardment by Teuton U-Boat Kills Child and Injures Six Adults

Reports From Sweden Intimate That German and British Naval Forces Have Met in Sanguinary Conflict DEAD HUNS WASHED ASHORE

BULLETIN  
By Associated Press.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—General Sir William Robertson, chief of the British Imperial Staff, has resigned, it was officially announced this evening. General Wilson, sub-chief of staff, takes the vacated place.

General Robertson was unable, the statement says, to accept a position as military representative on the supreme war council at Versailles or to continue as chief of the imperial general staff with limited power.

## U. S. Soldier Killed by a Hun Sniper

Activity Reported Behind Lines of Enemy Facing American Sector.

By Newton C. Parker, International News Service Staff Correspondent.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Feb. 16.—An American private was killed by a German sniper while walking between two villages, it was learned today. The American exposed himself to a German observation post and the bullet struck him between the eyes.

The American sector was quiet Thursday, the poor visibility limiting operations.

Considerable activity was heard behind the enemy's lines and patrols reported hearing sounds which indicated the Germans were strengthening their positions. Our men likewise have been engaged in reinforcing their dugouts and repairing their trenches.

A patrol sent out to investigate noises heard in the enemy's lines was halted by German watchposts that began firing when the Americans approached the barbed wire.

There was intermittent shelling Thursday, the German artillery sending over a number of heavy shells. Our guns replied.

THICK WEATHER AID TO SURPRISE ATTACK  
DOVER, Feb. 16.—The weather was thick and the night was very dark when the German destroyers dashed upon British patrol vessels in the strait of Dover early Friday morning and sank eight of them. The patrol vessels, being equipped only with light armament for anti-submarine work, were no match for the heavy German raiders.

The risk taken is shared by great numbers of trawlers and drifters, operating in all weathers and at all hours. The loss of patrol vessels has been remarkably small.

On the latest occasion the crews were thrown into the sea with a loss of lives and courage that defies description. The men showed innumerable instances of dash and difficulty.

In one noteworthy incident a drifter was shelled at close quarters by two German destroyers, whose thirty-pound shells killed all of the crew except two and set the drifter afire.

The two survivors, seeing their craft ablaze and believing it would sink, launched a boat. They had not rowed far when they saw the vessel was still afloat and they returned to it.

Cases have not been infrequent of German submarines bobbing up off the British coast and attacking fishing boats. It is often, however, that the U-boats have cared to take chances with such a well-defended town as Dover, the most important port in southeastern England, opposite Calais, on the straits of Dover, across which flows a constant stream of war traffic between England and France.

GERMAN ADMIRALTY ISSUES STATEMENT  
BERLIN (via London), Feb. 16.—The German admiralty today made the following statement: "On the night of February 14 our torpedo boats under command of Captain Heineke made a surprise attack on the English coast, between Calais and Dover on the north, and Cape Gris-Nez and Folkestone on the south. A large guardship, numerous armed fishing boats and several motor vessels were forced to give battle, the largest part of them being destroyed."

PARIS, Feb. 16.—Enemy raids near Ville Sur Tourbe in the Champagne region, and near Burnhaupt and Labasse in the upper Alsace, were repulsed, the official communiqué stated today.

"In the Yvanovo sector we raided the enemy lines and brought back prisoners," said the statement.

"The region north of Nancy was bombed by enemy aviators. Some civilians were killed and wounded."

At Tahure, where American artillery recently aided a French advance.

## DEFECTIVE STEEL PLOT IS CHARGED TO FORREST

Member of S. F. and Oakland Firm Accused of Swindle in Big Ship Casting Contract

## NAVAL INTELLIGENCE MEN GET EVIDENCE

Fraud Said to Consist in Substituting Inferior Steel for War and Merchant Vessels

Prosper Forrest, of the Forrest Forge Company, with plants in Oakland and San Francisco, was arrested at noon in San Francisco today by United States agents, charged with an amazing plan to defraud the government in the sale of steel for ships.

Twenty tons of steel, to be used as evidence, was seized by the naval intelligence bureau, whose operatives have been working on the case since December. The officials assert that Forrest, when arrested, was about to destroy the evidence by dumping it in the bay.

The fraud consisted, it is charged, of substituting inferior steel plate and bars of high-class steel designed for the government for warships and merchant marine vessels. A number of vessels are said to have been equipped with the inferior steel.

According to naval intelligence bureau officials, who have been at work on the case for weeks, Forrest has been selling to the navy steel castings on government contracts defective steel for use in tail and crank shafts, connecting rods and thrust bearings, through the connivance of a large number of naval engineers.

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## Wilson Will Appeal to Loyalty and Ask Men Not to Delay Vessels

Wage Adjustment Board Agrees on an Increase in Delaware Yards, But Does Not Include Striking Carpenters LABOR DRAFTING NOT PLANNED

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—As the walkout of woodworkers in eastern shipyards grew rapidly today, President Wilson prepared a definite proposal to end the strike.

The President is expected to drive at the heart of the trouble and appeal to the loyalty of the men in getting them back to work while the government gets its program for ship-workers on a working basis.

Appeals by Chairman Hurley and others have proved futile and all agree that a solution can be brought by the President alone. There will be no drafting of labor now, it is learned definitely.

## "Police Have No Authority Over My Son"

—MRS. ELVINA BEALS  
Carl Beals Still Missing; His Mother Visits High Authorities.

BERKELEY, Feb. 16.—While the police are searching for Carl Beals, a conscientious objector, to serve him with a subpoena to appear before the local exemption board No. 2, his mother, Mrs. Elvina S. Beals, 1531 S. Central avenue, said that "neither the police nor the local exemption board have any authority in his case, and that he will not appear unless directed by higher authorities."

Mrs. Beals today obtained a signed statement from Colonel F. G. Benson, department adjutant in San Francisco, setting forth that young Beals is unanswerable to the New York exemption board, that the Berkeley exemption board has no jurisdiction over him and that the Berkeley board's action in listing him as a deserter is not legal.

"All this talk about presidential warrants is political bluff by the local authorities," said Mrs. Beals. "There was nothing presidential about the subpoena. It was drawn up by the local board. They have no authority over my son's case. Unless higher authorities take action, I consider that my son does not require to and will not appear before the local exemption board."

Mrs. Beals would not say where her son is at present or whether he had deliberately gone into hiding to escape being subpoenaed.

"Beals was subpoenaed by us to appear before exemption board No. 2 to give certain information desired by the exemption board in New York, where he registered last June," said an official of exemption board No. 2. "It is not likely there will be any arrest in the meantime although he does not appear."

"We don't know where Beals is, but it is evident he is in hiding to escape appearing before the exemption board," said Chief of Police August Vollmer. "The police will assist the exemption board in locating him if they can in this case."

The subpoena was issued when Beals failed to appear when cited before the exemption board. Officers went to the Beals home and were told by Mrs. Beals that she did not know where her son was.

Beals was in a federal prison for refusing to allow the military authorities to give him a physical examination. When he finally submitted to a physical examination after a period of imprisonment he filed his questionnaire, claiming exemption on the ground of being a "conscientious objector."

## PARTY SIGNATURE

SACRAMENTO, Feb. 16.—The number of signatures that will be required on nominating papers for state officers at the primary election on August 27 is announced by Frank C. Jordan, secretary of state.

The required number of signatures for each party, based on the vote for governor at the general election in 1914, is as follows: Progressive, minimum, 2,000; maximum, 5,000; Republican, minimum, 1,500; maximum, 3,500; Democratic, minimum, 1,500; maximum, 3,500; Socialist, minimum, 250; maximum, 1,000; Prohibition, minimum, 100; maximum, 500.

## POST-WAR PLAN

LONDON, Feb. 16.—High interest was aroused today by the declaration of Lord Robert Cecil, minister of blockade on the proposed league of nations after the war. Lord Robert said it would be possible to begin with a restricted number of powers and develop the league gradually. The minister added that there is no desire to establish an economic boycott against Germany, although the scars left by the conflict may have considerable influence in directing the course of trade.

## HEATLESS DAYS

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—Workless and heatless Mondays will continue in New England, the federal fuel administration announced here today.

## NO CHANCES TAKEN WHEN I. W. W.'S GO INTO COURT

Federal and State Guards Are on Duty When Trial of 55 Accused Men Is Commenced

## PRECAUTIONS FOLLOW "DIRECT ACTION" THREAT

Unusual Scene Is Witnessed at Sacramento As 46 of the Defendants Are Arraigned

SACRAMENTO, Feb. 16.—With the shadow of threats of terrorism, bloodshed and wholesale repression for processes of the law lurking in the background, the trial of fifty-five alleged I. W. W.'s indicted by the Federal Grand Jury, February 8, for alleged attempted abduction of national war activities, began before Judge Cushman of the United States District Court today.

The courtroom is under the heaviest guard, armed deputy United States Marshals, secret service men, deputy sheriffs and agents of the federal Department of Justice, being posted in all parts of the building.

Threats to use "direct action" methods of dynamite and bomb, to prevent the defendants from coming to trial, which have been received by the authorities, are responsible for the precautions.

The utmost care is being taken to prevent any person getting into the courtroom without passing Sheriff W. F. Gormley, who is in direct charge of the situation. Every person admitted must be personally known to the sheriff.

When forty-six of the defendants, who will go on trial, were brought into court to be arraigned, a scene was enacted, the like of which has never been seen in Sacramento. The men marched between a double row of armed guards, consisting of state, county and federal officers.

The public entrances to the courtroom were locked before court time. The only method of getting in is through the back door, where the guards at this door had positive instructions not to admit any person who was unknown to Gormley. The entire building is under patrol and even the streets and grounds adjoining the court are being carefully surveilled. Scores of persons who called at the courthouse for the purpose of hearing the testimony, were turned away.

The cases were continued until March 4.

## GAS KILLS TWO

O'DONNELL, 27, Twenty-third street, accidentally killed himself and Mrs. Ellen Colton, 70, former cook for several of San Francisco's wealthy families, when he hung his coat on a gas jet, in his room, and knocked the coat open. The bodies were discovered by Charles H. Linnard, when he smelled gas and investigated.

It was apparent, according to the police, that O'Donnell did not know that he had accidentally turned on the gas when he hung up his coat. The man went to bed with the jet wide open. The gas leaked through the cracks in a door between his room and that of Mrs. Colton, adjoining, in sufficient quantities to kill the aged woman.

## REPORT DENIAL

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—Following a communication with Admiral Mayo, commanding the Atlantic fleet, the Navy Department today denied reports today of an explosion on the U. S. S. Utah, killing one officer and wounding several sailors. There was no explosion, Mayo informed the Navy Department.

The navy is still without information as to the manner in which Lieutenant Rubio Bunch of the Utah met the injury that resulted in his death yesterday at a naval hospital.

## TRAPPED IN HILLS

WILSON, Ariz., Feb. 16.—John and Tom Powers and T. S. Starn, draft makers, charged with the murder of Sheriff M. H. Hall, were trapped in the hills of the Arizona desert today by a severe snow storm.

A despatch said a search party was expected.

## TO TAKE ALL SHIPS

PARIS, Feb. 16.—The official communiqué of the French government today provides for the requisitioning of the entire merchant marine of France on March 10.

Government commissioners will confer with the shipowners as to the conditions under which the government will take over the vessels.

## TO MAKE REPORT

BUENOS AIRES, Feb. 16.—Dr. Romulo Naon, Argentine ambassador to the United States, who arrived here yesterday, will have an audience with President Irigoyen on Monday to discuss the object of his visit.

## ASK WOMEN TO ASSIST IN WAR WORK

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—American women must turn their efforts to the war effort if their nation is to escape famine.

This is the most plausible remedy for the great shortage of farm labor which presents itself today to the members of the Senate agricultural committee investigating food conditions. Various members of the committee point out that women in the allied nations have taken up knitting and the country is now considering an appeal to the American women to turn to agriculture instead of knitting to help their country.

If women of the nation do not aid in the farming then there must be military operation of the farms, members of the committee declare.

Testimony offered before the committee today brought out the fact that spring crops are being restricted by the fact that farmers do not care to gamble on an uncertain labor supply to harvest the crops.

Operation of the draft has interfered with farm labor in some districts, according to evidence before the committee.

It is probable that negotiations will be taken up by the Senate agricultural committee and General E. H. Crowder toward wider exemption of men in agricultural pursuits in the second draft area those following.

Women's organizations will be appealed to and asked to carry on campaigns to send women to the nation into the fields to insure an adequate supply of food for the forces abroad and at home.

There will be no letup by Congress in its demands for a reconstruction of America's war-making machinery. Senators backing the war cabinet and the munitions dictator bill made this plain today.

Senator Chamberlain, chairman of the Senate military affairs committee, announced today that he would call a meeting early next week to take definite action on the war cabinet bill. The measure has already been endorsed by the committee, but Senator Chamberlain, who has changed his mind and wants another vote on the bill.

The judiciary sub-committee expects to submit next week a report on the draft of the Overman bill, sponsored by the administration, giving the President authority to make changes in the war government. Since the President has already made changes in the war government, it is contended that he should have the authority to make such changes as he deems necessary.

## HENEY PRODUCES ARMOUR LETTER

CHICAGO, Feb. 16.—Charges that Middle Western packers practiced collusive buying, and apportioned equally all livestock shipments to packers, are being investigated by the Federal Trade Commission, contends Francis J. Heney, attorney for the packers.

The letter, written by Philip D. Armour to the Federal Trade Commission, is alleged to contain the following statement:

"Of course, as you know, everything here is done on a 50-50 basis, and with the facilities we have it is impossible to keep up this ratio."

The letter was written in October, 1916, and addressed to "My dear Uncle Ogden." It purports to be a report by Philip Armour on conditions in the Denver establishment of Armour & Company. The letter calls attention to the superiority of Swift & Company's Denver plant and the Armour equipment.

## ARREST GERMAN

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 16.—Officers of the federal government are today investigating the conduct of K. Meus, a native of Germany, who is in jail here following seditious utterances alleged to have been made at the St. Regis hotel. His arrest was prompted by a signed statement by Mrs. M. E. Brown, residents of the St. Regis, who claim Meus at the time was also arrested because he could not show a registration card.

## Cossack Hetman Drops From Sight; Death Rumored

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—The American consul at Tiflis today transmitted an unconfirmed report that General Kalaidas, the Cossack leader in the Ukraine, who resisted the ambitions of the Bolsheviks, had suddenly dropped out of sight and is now said to be dead.



**Corn is fine food for cold weather when you can get crisp, sweet POST TOASTIES**

SAVES MILK AND SUGAR

## Radical Socialism Is Growing Group That Worries Germany Oppose All War Credit Votes

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS LEASED WIRE TO TRIBUNE

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—The Radical Socialist movement in Germany, the growing strength of which was shown by the persistence of the political strike in January and February, is also gaining decided ground among the political leaders of German Social Democracy. This information was obtained by the Associated Press from German newspapers received here.

The little group of Radical Socialists in the Reichstag, under the leadership of Haase, Ledebour and Bernstein, who split off from the caucus organization of the Social Democrats, are on the issue of voting funds for the war and formed an independent organization, has now grown by continuing to vote against the war credit bill to a strength entitling it to a second member on the principal Reichstag committee.

The additional representation is gained at the expense of the regular Socialist organization, which at the beginning of the war was the largest party in the Reichstag, but which has now fallen to second rank behind the Catholic Centre.

Four Socialist members of the Reichstag—Fraser, Dr. Edmann, Hittmann and Jaekel—went over to the radicals at the beginning of the year.

Recent elections at Leipzig brought eighteen Radical Socialists into the city council.

Leipzig is one of the strongholds of the Radical Socialists, their principal newspaper organization, the

Leipzig Volks Zeitung, being published there. The radicals have been badly off so far as the press is concerned, the Vorwarts and other important Socialist organs having been retained by the regular party organization. Editors of the radicals have been discharged wholesale from the party organizations.

**CHARGES MEREY AID.**

The government of Dr. Michaelis was largely responsible for the ban of the Radical Socialist organ, the Reichstag, under the leadership of Haase, Ledebour and Bernstein, who split off from the caucus organization of the Social Democrats, are on the issue of voting funds for the war and formed an independent organization, has now grown by continuing to vote against the war credit bill to a strength entitling it to a second member on the principal Reichstag committee.

The transparent attempt of Dr. Michaelis to really by ally support in the Reichstag on a jingo issue resulted in the downfall of Michaelis and in securing for the Radical Socialists the standing of a serious political party, which they are now using to their advantage. They are opposed to all votes of credit for the war and for an immediate stoppage of fighting, and have, unlike the regular Socialists, persisted in the original goal of opposition to the monarchical system.

## AUSTRIA TO ACT SOON FOR PEACE

(Continued From Page 1)

to be stripped of Lodz and Dombrowitz and access to the sea was refused the Poles.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 16.—Complaint is made in a semi-official note received here from Berlin that the German commission in Petrograd is experiencing considerable difficulties. Conversation of members of the commission with the Russian leaders is impossible, it is said, especially Premier Lenine and Foreign Minister Trotsky, who are preoccupied with other urgent business and make numerous excuses to retard the discussions.

"After the grave incidents of the last few days," the note adds, "the Russian government has abandoned the recent decision regarding military and civilian prisoners of war. The question seriously arises whether it is wise in the present circumstances, for the German commission to remain in Petrograd."

The Bulgarian government has resumed diplomatic relations with Russia, according to a despatch received from Sofia today.

A prominent German Socialist named Horn has been sentenced to 15 years' imprisonment for participation in the recent German strikes, according to despatches reaching here today from Berlin.

"President Wilson's speech offers the possibility of further development," says Horn, "but it is not restricted and its sovereignty preserved." Talaat Pasha, Turkish premier, declared in an interview with the correspondent of the Neue Freie Presse.

Premier Lloyd George's speech does not allow the possibility of discussion.

Germany was pictured as a peace-loving, non-aggressive nation in the speech of Dr. von Kuehlmann, the German foreign secretary, at the concluding session of the recent peace conference at Brest-Litovsk. Dr. von Kuehlmann said the Russians should have no fear that Germany held any designs on Russia.

"I only need refer to M. Trotsky to the present basis of the German policy, which up to the time when war with Russia was forced on the German people, consisted in the preservation of good and friendly relations between our eastern neighbors," Dr. von Kuehlmann declared.

Germany's policy will continue, as soon as the war has reached a satisfactory conclusion—to strive for the friendliest relations with newly organized Russia by avoiding all interference in its internal affairs."

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—Serious popular uprisings against the German troops in cities of occupied Belgium were reported to the Belgian legation in London today by officials from the Belgian government at Havre.

Crowds have paraded the streets of Antwerp, Malines and Brussels and the German authorities have been forced to order out troops to restore order.

Rome, Feb. 16.—That "peace is nearer than ever" was the unofficial belief spoken in Vatican circles today.

The Vatican has learned from papal nuncios, it was said, that President Wilson's latest speech favorably impressed the democratic and pacific parties in Austria and Germany, particularly the former.

PARIS, Feb. 16.—Rumors are fast disappearing at President Wilson's failure to mention here in his latest speech to the Congress that he had learned from the Russian Bolsheviks.

If official encouragement is given to Rumania during this critical juncture, it will be of the greatest importance in helping to stand off the present menace from the Central powers and the Russian Bolsheviks.

The country's morale is of the best and the army is still an important combative force but encouragement of both diplomats and the army is imperative.

## WOMAN INVOLVED

SALT LAKE CITY, Feb. 16.—Miss Augusta M. Dockman, recently arrested for complicity with Rev. B. H. Roberts, a note to her fiancé, Ernest A. Leybold, interned alien enemy at Fort Douglas, is now further complicated by having her name coupled with that of Count Alvo von Alvensleben, the "Kaiser's personal financial representative on the American continent."

Miss Dockman, it was stated, was under Federal surveillance for many months before she came to Salt Lake and that she was associated with Count Alvensleben and others now interned here.

## GET CAMP READY FOR NEXT QUOTA

CAMP LEWIS, Feb. 16.—Preparations for the reception of the next quota of drafted men at Camp Lewis are under way with the beginning of work upon a new receiving station for the new men.

Today the Ninety-first division passed in review in honor of Brigadier-General Eli A. Helmick of the inspector-general's department, United States Army. This was the third time the division has been reviewed by army officials.

Explaining the new censorship regulations, issued today, requiring that all military news from the division headquarters be given out by Captain M. D. Wally, military censor, between the hours of 11 a. m. and noon, Major F. W. Clark, acting chief of staff, said the order was issued in the interest of efficiency in the headquarters office.

He intimated that the presence of newspaper correspondents and other interested parties in the office interfered with the routine of the office in charge and took up time that should be devoted to organization work. The major denied any intention of interfering with the correspondents in their duties.

The newspapermen would be able to get all the information desired and permissible for publication through Captain Wally.

The noonday athletics under the supervision of the Y. M. C. A. has proved a popular feature. Today noon found more than 300 men, fresh from the rigors of trench digging, playing basketball and tossing the medicine ball for 45 minutes before returning to the trenches at the terminus.

The athletic field is a democratic place, officers taking part with the privates in the sports. One officer, in particular, was seen enjoying himself tossing the medicine ball with some of the soldiers.

Y. M. C. A. workers are pleased with the success of the noonday athletics which were inaugurated last Monday. It was said a still larger number of men would have participated if the association was only larger.

## ASK PASSAGE OF RAIL CONTROL BILL

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—Early enactment of the administration railroad bill was urged by administration leaders today in the Senate. Majority Leader Martin declared the railroad director was being established for lack of necessary legislation. Chairman Smith of the Interstate Commerce Committee said he would ask Monday for unanimous consent to fix the time for a vote.

"There will be no unanimous consent," declared Senator Kellogg, Republican, Minnesota, "because there has been no opportunity to debate the bill."

Senator Kellogg, Republican, Minnesota, said he was advised by the railroad managers that the compensation proposed in the bill is maximum provision and that President Wilson intends to so regard it, reducing compensation when it would be excessive.

Senator Robinson, in discussing the bill, urged its early enactment as a measure of vital importance both to the government and to the public.

"It is desirable to end the existing uncertainty as to the status of the railroads and the policy of the government in the touchy emergency," declared Senator Robinson, "and to take such action as may be necessary to prevent loss and inconvenience to the public resulting from the lack of necessary arrangements for maintenance and indispensable improvements."

**NEW PAY SCALE.**

LONDON, Feb. 16.—New scales of pay announced for army and navy officers will cost just over £7,000,000 for the first year.

## Soldier Faints on Car Tracks; Loses Fingers

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 16.—Private C. P. Robinson of the Eighth Infantry, Camp Fremont, fainted at San Francisco's busiest corner early today and in consequence is incapacitated for further military service. As he dropped to the pavement Robinson's right hand fell across the car tracks. A car was passing, and three of the soldier's digits, including his trigger finger, were amputated.

## PUPILS CLOTHED

Bay School Mothers' Club is looking out for all the young ones in the vicinity of 54th Street and San Pablo Avenue, seeing that not one is obliged to stay away from classrooms because of lack of clothing and shoes. The association has taken up its campaign for a month to make and remodel garments for the students. Prized eight new boys' clothes were completed with a large number of garments for girls.

Bay school students will join the Junior Red Cross today at Alameda and the members of the faculty united in giving a cafeteria luncheon last Thursday, realizing sufficient funds to enter the patriotic society, which has an ambitious program, including all phases of defense.

## BILL IS APPROVED

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—The bill providing \$50,000,000 for housing public works was approved in joint conference between the House and Senate today, substantially as it passed the House.

## NAMES ADDED TO TUSCANIA DEATH LIST

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—Eighty-two names of known dead among the American soldiers who were on board the torpedoed liner Tuscania have been received by cable at the War Department. An Associated Press despatch last Tuesday announced that 124 soldiers had been buried on the Scottish coast and gave the names of 131 identified, but this later message was the first official partial list to reach the department. Ten names that did not appear on the list of dead buried on the Scottish coast are given in the department's despatch. They are:

CORPORAL CLEA BURGERSTOCK, Marlenville, Pa.

RUSSELL F. BENNETT, Plainfield, Wis.

FRANKLIN A. CHURCH, Providence, R. I.

WILLIAM A. DINTER, Cuero, Tex.

ROY W. MAY, Lindale, Tex.

HENRY OXFORD, Turnersville, Texas.

OTIS RAY, Coleman, Tex. and James J. Sperry, Frisco, Tex.

JAMES J. SPERRY, Frisco, Tex.

WILLIAM W. WILLIAMS, Glenwood, Ark.

JAMES C. WOOD, Yantis, Tex.

No new estimate of the total number of dead was made at the department today, it has been reported here that the total would not exceed 170, but the above ten apparently bring the list of known dead up to 174.

## CONFUSION IN NAMES.

Franklin A. Church was reported in the cablegram from the Scottish coast as "F. A. Church" and James C. Wood was reported as Paul John C. Wood. The Scottish coast list gave the name William O. Williams. The passenger list shows Bell M. Williams, now reported dead in the department's cable, and Paul A. Williams, who has not been reported lost, although his name has not yet appeared on a list of survivors.

The War Department's report of survivors still is far from complete. Names of eight Californians lost on the Tuscania, whose bodies have been recovered and finally identified, were announced by the War Department. They were:

LAUGHLIN, GEORGE, corporal, Twentieth Engineers; emergency address, Mrs. Joe Natchke, mother, 1137 Key Avenue, San Francisco.

RIGGS, SAMUEL P., private, 153th Aero Squadron; emergency address, Mrs. Anna Riggs (Edgins), cousin, 115 Duquesne Avenue, New York.

FROM CALIFORNIA TOWNS.

LINTOW, FRED M., private, Twentieth Engineers; emergency address, Mrs. Nina Lintow, mother, Lamoine, WEEKS, BERT O., sergeant, 100th Aero Squadron; emergency address, Clarence R. Weeks, father, 1015 Tenth Street, Modesto.

COLLINS, STANLEY D., private, 100th Aero Squadron; emergency address, Ernest Collins, father, 1000 E. 12th Street, Los Angeles.

GILLESPIE, ALEXANDER S., emergency address, A. S. Gillespie, mother, 342 Seventeenth Street, Los Angeles.

INGELHART, DELBERT E., private, 100th Aero Squadron; emergency address, Etta E. Ingelhart, mother, 2633 Lake Street, Santa Monica.

LICARI, ALFIO, private, Twentieth Engineers; emergency address, Joe Licari, brother, 214 Second Street, Eureka.

## LISTS NOW CHECK.

Every name on the list had been announced among those on lists of missing and possible victims of the disaster issued prior to today by the War Department.

Knights of the St. Louis, and Second Lieutenant John J. McGuire of New York City, as previously reported, who was slightly wounded in action in France, February 15, was reported last night issued a corrected announcement.

## STOCKTON HOST OF CLUBWOMEN

STOCKTON, Feb. 15.—More than 200 delegates to the convention of the Alameda District of the California Federation of Women's Clubs are the guests today of the Stockton Chamber of Commerce.

The delegates are being entertained by the chamber of commerce, which is part of the entertainment program.

What women can do to advance the interests of the country has formed the principal topic of discussion so far.

Mrs. E. D. Knight of San Francisco addressed the convention yesterday afternoon in behalf of the Thrift Stamp movement, declaring that the women should be the first to take up the thrift campaign.

The club women have listened to addresses by Elwood Mead of the State Land Settlement Board, who talked about the purchase of a tract of 500 acres near Chico for colonization under State supervision; Will C. Wood, commissioner of education, who dwelt on the importance of Americanizing the foreign immigrant; Mrs. Barbara Nachtrieb Grimes, who explained the State health insurance movement; Mrs. Herbert Case of Los Angeles, who dwelt on woman's part as a federation in patriotic service, and others.

## LOIE FULLER TO BE HOSTESS TO U. S. SOLDIERS

PARIS, Feb. 16.—The first contingent of American soldiers on leave from the trenches in France will arrive soon at one of the new rest camps which have been prepared for the American troops in the mountains of Savoy in southeastern France. The men will have ample and comfortable hotel accommodations.

Entertainment will be provided by professional actors and theatrical managers, including E. H. Sothern, Winthrop Ames and the soldiers' today at Aix-les-Bains. Other contingents will follow. The next is due on Wednesday of next week.

## WILSON IS TO APPEAL TO LOYALTY

(Continued From Page 1)

work by agents of the Marine Woodworkers' Union, shipyard in the district of the port of New York are being denied of their woodworkers. Forty shipyard had been visited today by agents, according to John Stuart, secretary of the union, and between 5000 and 1000 men had laid down their tools.

The men, according to Stuart, ask only that the government give consideration to the demands made some time ago. These have been ignored so long, they declare, that the only way to get action is to strike. Stuart expressed the belief that whenever the government indicates its readiness to consider the demands the men will return to their work.

"There are about 70 shipyards of all sizes in this district. All are working on government contracts. This strike ties up work on many ships. A hope that a patriotic plea to the men by Chairman Hurley of the shipping board would save the situation and stave off action failed today apparently when the woodworkers walked out. President Hutchinson of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, in the city, received a telegram from Hurley asking delay, but was unable to act.

Every shipyarding plant on the coast, except the Navy Yards, it was declared, will be affected. The Navy Yard workers have a special agreement to remain on their jobs.

Those who will join in the strike include joiners, shipbuilders, carpenters, calkers, boat builders, riggers and every worker in any manner connected with the woodwork on vessels.

## 115,000 MEN MAY BE AFFECTED

Should the strike last three days, fully 115,000 men will be affected, it was asserted. The additional 60,000 men include ironworkers, whose laborers must perform cease in that time if the woodworkers stop.

The men demand the same per diem rate, \$6.00, received by men engaged in similar work on the Pacific Coast.

The government has rejected application by the Carpenters' Brotherhood that the shipworkers be allowed to place a representative on the labor board of the Emergency War Relocation Administration. It was announced by Guerin. The shipworkers wanted to appoint such a representative with the right to vote and with powers equal to those held by government representatives.

The appeal to the President, Guerin said, would suggest a compromise similar to that which was effected last October between the government and the navy yard carpenters, who were then threatening to strike.

At that time the government wanted \$8.60 a day, similar to the wage which shipyard workers are receiving on the Pacific coast today. Secretary Daniels and Assistant Secretary Roosevelt called the heads of the Carpenters' Union into conference at Washington, Guerin said, and an agreement was reached fixing an eight-hour day, a wage of \$4.38, a 5 per cent bonus under certain conditions and two weeks' vacation in all to \$3.90 a day.

A compromise now in favor of the shipyard workers would be acceptable, Guerin said.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 16.—When John H. Ferguson, president of the Baltimore Federation of Labor, who had been to Washington to confer with government officials, returned last night and attempted to address a meeting of the striking shipyard workers, they refused to listen to him and forcibly ejected him.

Ferguson, although having no direct connection with the Ship Carpenters and Joiners Union, expressed the belief that the strike would be terminated by Monday and that the men would yield to the government appeals.

It was apparent that leaders of other labor unions are trying to placate the radical element among the strikers and induce them to return to work and trust the government to do the fair thing by them.

## TEN DIE THAT OTHERS MAY LIVE

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—Traditions of the sea were upheld heroically by Captain E. Williams and nine members of the British warship, the *Minerva*, who volunteered to perish that others might live when the vessel foundered in midocean February 6, according to survivors who arrived here today from Newfoundland port.

After the wrecking of the lifeboats, containing twenty-seven men, Captain Williams announced his purpose to stick to his ship, which was fast sinking. He called for nine volunteers to remain with him and make the boats safe for the others.

Two of his officers, a gunner and six seamen lined up beside him and declared they were willing to take a chance of being rescued before the ship sank.

A British warship sighted the vessel and boats were launched, but the fury of a hurricane made it impossible to take off the ten men who for forty hours had clung to the half-submerged ship, knocked about and pounded by heavy seas.

At intervals during the night the ten men sent up rockets to lighten the rescuers, but the signals ceased after 2 a. m. At daybreak only patches of wreckage marked the spot where they had gone down.

The British warship rescued the twenty-seven men who had taken to the small boats.

The *Larrinaga* left Newport News, Va., in a hurry for a French port when twelve days out the cargo began to shift. During a storm and within half an hour the vessel had partly capsized.

The *Larrinaga*, formerly a Spanish steamship, was in the service of the British government.

## STRIKE IS ENDED

BUENOS AIRES, Feb. 16.—The railroad situation in Argentina was normal today following President Irigoyen's decree of forced arbitration of the strike. Cereal shipments are still held up by the strike of port workers and steamship crews.

## France Gives Burial Ground to Americans

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Feb. 16.—

Pursuant to a previously announced plan, France has turned over a plot of ground to be used as a burial ground for American dead. It will be kept up by the French as a national cemetery.

## QUEEN THANKS U. S. RED CROSS

GENOA, Italy, Feb. 16.—From Queen Helena of Italy the American Red Cross committee, for Genoa has received a telegram expressing her appreciation and that of King Emanuele for its "high and beneficent work" in opening a canteen and refreshment place in the railroad station at Genoa. The Genoa committee was organized early in November, erected a chalet in the station yard and served as many as 600 refugees in a single night during the height of the Teutonic invasion.

Now that the influx of refugees has decreased the scope of the canteen work has been expanded to include Italian, British and French soldiers passing through.

The new work was formally inaugurated this week in the presence of municipal and army authorities. Paul Grosjean, manager of the Genoa branch of a New York bank and chairman of the local committee, spoke in behalf of the whole Red Cross organization in Italy. A Belgian, he has enthusiastically undertaken the American work.

"The small nations, overwhelmed by the barbarian, have stronger faith than ever," he said. "This is an example to us. To these little nations have come to aid the great nations in an outpouring of high idealism of justice. The American Red Cross represents the spirit of humanity that animates the entire American people. It has given immediate aid to unfortunate forced to abandon their homes, their work, their property, in harmony with the country's institutions. It intensifies the bonds of solidarity and sympathy between the two countries. Out of the awful struggle a good has come. Nations understand themselves. For the moment, they are united and strengthen their friendly relations. The American Red Cross and the Italian Red Cross will work together in a holy mission of giving comfort and aid."

General David T. Wilber expressed America's appreciation of cordial collaboration shown by citizens of Genoa. The mayor of Genoa responded warmly for the civilian authorities and General Garione for the military.

"American, Italian and Red Cross flags were flying and the station was thronged with a cheering crowd."

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## GERMANS ARE DEFEATED AT PEACE PLAN

By J. W. T. Mason

(Written for the United Press)

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—The Russian Bolsheviks have dared any lingering hope that may have existed in Germany of Von Hindenburg's ability to conduct a successful major winter offensive against the British and French lines along the west front.

The immediate concern of the German general staff has turned from the west to the east. This is not because Von Hindenburg fears a Russian offensive, but because the Bolsheviks defeated at Brest-Litovsk the Von Hindenburg peace diplomacy. Von Hindenburg and the militaristic clique that surrounds him are now on the defensive before the German people, as far as concerns the Russian situation.

The spirit of militarism can not thrive on such a defensive. To be out-manuevered by a beaten army and by peace delegates with no organized force behind them is intolerable for the German militaristic class. Evidence is becoming conclusive that Von Hindenburg is confused by developments in Russia, but seems instinctively to realize that continuation of his power over the German people requires that he do something.

This is the reason why there are persistent reports of high conferences at the German eastern headquarters and of tentative decisions to resume a German offensive against Russia.

The advance of the German front a few miles deeper into Russia and the capture of Petrograd might be a positive disadvantage because of the additional German troops that would be required to hold the new line. The German people, too, would probably object to the waste of lives such a campaign would entail, without compensating advantages.

But Von Hindenburg must act or suffer a serious eclipse of his power. No impression he can make of the west front would affect the Russian situation because the Bolsheviks have terminated Russia's alliance with the allies. It is to the east alone that Von Hindenburg must address himself. For the moment, the western front is a secondary matter for the German militarists. They are beginning to fear the paradox that the war may finally be lost to them against their unarmed enemies in the east.

## TO SELL STAMPS

The Brookhurst Improvement Club has organized within itself a War Stamp society which will push the sale of the small government loans in the neighborhood of Brookhurst, near the city.

The society will meet Monday night at 873 Brookhurst avenue to take up the matter of interest to the members. Plans are to be made for a Hooverized whist party to swell the treasury.

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&lt;

## Read, Red-Headed Girls, You Can All Have Free Tickets For 'Empty Pockets'

### 'AUBURNITES' ALL TO SEE T. & D. SHOW



BARBARA CASTLETON of the auburn hair, who is seen in "Empty Pockets," mystery photograph at T. & D.

Red-headed girls—girls with copper hair—girls with sunset hair, with auburn hair, with burnished bronze hair, with magenta hair, with dark puce hair, with orange-brown hair, with rust-colored hair—every shade, color, style, design, pattern and tint of what is commonly known as "brick-top" or carotene crimson hair, are to have two whole days all to themselves. And nothing blonde or brunette can have even the smallest kind of a look-in on those two days.

The days in question are Monday and Tuesday of next week. The time is any time during the day, the place is the T. & D. theater, and the girl is any girl with red hair!

On those two days, by special arrangement with The Oakland TRIBUNE, every girl who wears red hair that is all her own, will be presented with a complimentary ticket to "Empty Pockets," the much heralded release of the First National Exhibitor's circuit, written by Rupert Hughes.

**WARNING ON SCREEN**  
The purpose of the affair is to show the red-haired girls of Alameda county just what trouble five young women got into in the play because they had red hair. It is a warning to girls with red hair put into movie form and spread on a screen. A real, genuine red-headed girl doesn't dare stay away from the picture, because she knows she ought to see it to find out what happened. Besides, she goes in free, not on her face but on her hair. And it has never been done in Alameda county before.

**FOR ESCORT, TOO**  
On Sunday morning The TRIBUNE will print a coupon which will be accepted as a ticket to the T. & D., provided the holder has red hair. The coupon will also entitle an escort to free admission, so that the girl blessed with the carotene top-thatch will not have to go alone. The escort can wear any color of hair he or she wants.

Admission is free to those who have the red topknot. The doorkeeper will accept the coupon only when presented by the red-haired girl herself, so that no one but the persons with the properly colored hair can get in. The picture itself will be shown three days, beginning on Sunday.

## HIPPODROME

SAGEBRUSH! SIX GUNS!  
THRILLS, LAUGHS AND PATHOS

Starting Tomorrow Afternoon in Owen Wister's

## 'The Virginian'

STARRING

Del. S. Lawrence

ASSISTED BY

RUPERT DRUM as "Trampas"—  
AUDELL HIGGINS as "Molly"—  
ROSCOE KARNs as "Steve"—

And All the Other Favorites

MATINEES 15c AND 20c

EVENINGS 20c AND 30c

Next Attraction—"HELP WANTED"

Seat Sale Now On—Call Oakland 910

## BIG AUTO EXHIBIT TO OPEN TONIGHT

By Edmund Crinnion

Keener interest is being manifested in the Second Annual Pacific Automobile Show, which opens tonight in the Exposition Auditorium in San Francisco, than in any other display of its kind ever before held in the West.

The attendance figures will exceed those of any previous auto show held here, declare local automobile men and Eastern factory officials who are devoting their time and attention to the perfecting of the plans for the holding of the big display and preparing the various car exhibits which will attract the public.

Manager George A. Wahlgren yesterday put the finishing touches to the elaborate plans and together with Herman Rosse, internationally famous decorator and painter, supervised the placing of the murals and the arrangement of the big lanterns which are to form a part of the wonderful decorative scheme and which, it is the hope of the management, will win for the exhibit recognition as the world's most beautiful automobile show.

Last year's display, although unanimously voted the most beautiful exhibit of its kind ever held in America, will be surpassed by the decorative scheme which is being planned for this year.

Over one hundred exhibitors will be represented in the various departments of the show. Practically every make of car, truck and truck attachment on the market will be on display in the auditorium and the public will be given a wonderful opportunity to judge for themselves of the relative qualities of the various makes.

Never before in the history of the coast has such a wonderful display of cars been thrown open to the public under such auspicious circumstances.

And the public this year is more interested in the qualities of the various cars than ever before, declare those men who are close to the situation. The war they assign as the reason and the consequent necessity of speeding up business, conserving man power and increasing the earning capacity of the men employed in various lines of activity.

The big distributors in their showing of cars are emphasizing this feature and are laying stress in their displays on the economical features of the cars' construction, on special engine features which get results from every last drop of gas and which utilize to the full, and get the best results from the low grade gas which is being sold today.

Furthermore the beauty of the various models has not been forgotten and the cars shown in the big auditorium will be thoroughly in keeping with the beautiful decorative scheme in which they will be shown. Special show jobs, in extra fine equipment, special upholstery and colors will make a direct appeal to the women motorists and to those who desire the utmost in appearance as well as the maximum in performance.

The truck exhibit will also be of interest to the business men and the farmers of this section of the State. Never before has there been so keen an interest in the commercial car as there is today. A general speeding up of production and deliveries makes it absolutely necessary that some form of power wagon should be used in nearly every business. The various models on display here will find the business men keen students of their relative points of value.

## SECURE JUDGMENT

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 15.—Judgment for \$192.25 against Supervisor Eugene E. Schmitt was obtained yesterday by W. B. Waldron, a real estate dealer, in Judge Sturdevant's court on a promissory note dated in March of 1912, payable in one year. An answer to the suit was filed by Schmitt, who declared that the note had been paid, but he did not appear in court to contest the action.

## SEEKS HUSBAND

Assistance of the police was asked today by relatives of Dr. William P. Buck, who has been missing from his home at 719 Eighteenth street since February 3. At that time, his wife says, he started for San Francisco to visit a patient and failed to return.

## MAINE MEMORIAL

Memorial exercises for the victims of the blowing up of the United States battleship Maine in the harbor of Havana, Cuba, on February 15, 1898, will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock in Lakeside Park under the auspices of E. H. Liscum Camp No. 7, United Spanish War Veterans. A special program has been arranged for this twentieth anniversary of the tragic event.

After a salute to the colors by the buglers and the playing of the "Star-Spangled Banner" by the Loswood concert band, the exercises will open with an invocation by Chaplain O. E. Rynning. Commander M. W. Sellar of E. H. Liscum Camp will make the opening address, after which the Maine monument will be decorated with flowers by members of Julia A. Martin Auxiliary No. 29. The oration

of the day will be made by O. C. Wilson, past commander of Richter McKinney Camp. A salute to the dead will be fired by a squadron of marines from Yerba Buena Island, and taps will be sounded by C. F. Wessell of Liscum Camp.

## IDENTIFY SUICIDE

The body of the man who committed suicide yesterday afternoon by throwing himself beneath the wheels of a heavy oil truck in Parkwood and Broadway was today identified as that of Lawrence M. Maher, 33 years of age, of Merced. The identification was made by J. H. McCarthy of 330 Vernon street, a brother-in-law. McCarthy said that Maher had been in ill-health for some time and was evidently dependent. He was unmarried and came here a week ago from Merced, where he has a father, Michael Maher.

## BEANS TIED UP

Twenty thousand tons of beans, worth about \$4,000,000, are tied up in California by order of the federal government. No large or small white beans can be shipped out of the state until the government has completed a survey of the stocks and decided upon the quantity needed for the army and navy. The order does not affect lima, pink or black-eyed beans. Under orders from Washington the embargo on beans was placed last evening by H. Clay Miller, Pacific coast representative of the division of administration. Miller says that the action will be followed by fixing a maximum price. According to his estimate, there are in the neighborhood of 400,000 sacks in California, worth between \$4,000,000 and \$4,500,000.

**MURAD**  
THE  
TURKISH CIGARETTE

**18 CENTS**

**MURAD—Victorious!**  
“OVER THERE”  
EVERYWHERE—WHY?

*Judge for yourself—compare  
Murad with any 25 Cent Cigarette*

**Smagros** Makers of the Highest Grade Turkish and Egyptian Cigarettes in the World

## How Do You Know

when you are away from home that your important papers and other valuables are safe? A box in our vaults will give absolute protection for about one cent a day.

## The Oakland Bank of Savings

Twelfth and Broadway

Established 1867

Resources Over \$35,000,000.00

OAKLAND BRANCHES:

Twenty-third Ave. and East Fourteenth Street

1228 Seventh Street

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center Street.

## MAY INTRODUCE LETTERS IN TRIAL

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 15.—Alleged intercepted messages from Alfred Zimmerman, former German Secretary for Foreign Affairs, to Count von Bernstorff, former German Ambassador to the United States, may be introduced by the government into evidence in the trial of thirty-one persons charged with conspiring to foment revolution against British rule in India, it became known today.

The intercepted messages passed from Berlin to Washington through Count von Luxburg, former German Ambassador to Argentina, whose alleged breaches of international law have been disclosed by Secretary of State Lansing.

Existence of the documents became known through one of the Hindu defendants. Copies had been furnished this defendant in order that he might prepare a defense to them. He furnished the text of them to the press.

One of the letters asked if the United States government operatives had seized the papers of Wolf von Ingeel, confidential representative of Count von Bernstorff, whose New York office had been raided by secret service men who carried away many documents.

Another message said: "Beware of Chakravarty." Dr. Chandra K. Chakravarty is a defendant in the present proceedings. A third letter details payments of \$50,000, \$50,000, \$50,000, presumably by German agents to Hindu defendants.

It was indicated that the government might not introduce the letters because of possible difficulty that might be encountered in corroborating their text.

## VICTIM TURNS ON ROBBERS; LANDS TWO IN PRISON

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 15.—Three highwaymen who held up and robbed Peter Coleveris, an ironworker, 42 Chesley street, got the surprise of their lives last night when their victim turned on them, recovered his money, arrested the man who had robbed him, and landed a man believed to be the second member of the trio in jail.

Coleveris was on his way home when the three highwaymen stopped him at Seventh and Howard streets at the point of a revolver. One of the men hit him over the head with a blackjack and went through his pockets. As the men started to leave, Coleveris recovered his senses. Whipping his revolver from his pocket he opened fire on the man who had hit him.

The highwayman, bearing the bullets whistle close to his ear, threw up his hands and surrendered. When police, attracted to the spot by the sound of the shots, arrived on the scene, Coleveris was calmly going through the holdup man's pockets. He recovered \$17.50 which he said had been taken from him. He also pointed out the fleeing remainder of the trio, and the police arrested a suspect who gave the name of Robert Waters. The man caught by Coleveris gave the name of William Weiss.

Both men are being held, and the third man is being sought.

## FIGURES QUOTED IN RATE HEARING

Mark Greene, representing Berkeley, Richardson and other cities of that section.

"They figure that labor will go up and the expenses will rise," Ryan said.

Ryan said that in 1917 the cost of the company had been \$137,001. In 1916 it was \$116,698. But the output in 1917, he said, had been \$187,500.

He declared the corporation should have a 4 per cent annuity fund. Greene immediately attacked this plan. He declared such a fund should go to be invested in improvements. Ryan replied that such an action would be the worst kind of business.

Then the \$300,000 entered into the discussion. Greene produced the company's exhibit, filed January 10, and declared that the only additional expense that could be shown was the cost of fuel oil.

It then developed that the exhibit of January had been supplanted by a new one calling for \$500,000 more than the first.

## SERVICE MONDAY

BERKELEY, Feb. 15.—Private 2014

eral services will be held Monday for Mrs. Mary McDonald Rose, mother of Mrs. Rose, who died at her home, 1010 E. 12th, at 10:30 a. m. since 1877, who died at the Roosevelt hospital yesterday. She had a nervous breakdown two weeks ago and died at the age of 72.

Mrs. Rose was the sister of Mrs. C. C. Rose, a native of Nova Scotia. Her husband, John, was a contractor and was one of the pioneer builders in this city.

Mrs. Rose leaves seven of a family: George Sydney, Donald, John, Jessie and Mary Rose, all living at 1010 E. 12th, and a daughter, Ella Follard.

**MARRIAGE LICENSES**

**BORGESON-GRIFFITH**—Clarence J. Borgeson, 25, Oakland, and Pauline E. Griffith, 22, San Francisco.

**GROW-TALFERN**—Alfred N. Grow, 37, Crockett, and Emma M. Talfern, 35, San Francisco.

**COMEN-ROSENBERG**—Arnold Cohen, 26, and Thelma N. Rosenberg, 23, both of Oakland.

**SAVORY-QUINN**—Arthur C. Savory, 31, Delano, and Mary A. Quinn, 21, Visalia.

**HAZELING-MARTIN**—George J. Hazelizing, 36, and Mildred E. Martin, 18, both of San Francisco.

**HAZELING-MARTIN**—Ozell E. Hawley, 30, and Edna M. Martin, 17, Oakland.

**KEELEY-LITTLEFIELD**—Conrad W. Keeley, 30, and Mildred E. Littlefield, 21, San Francisco.

REILLY-NEILHERWOOD—Harry H. Reilly, 21, South  
Montgomery.  
SHORTELL-KLAFFROTE—James H. Shortell,  
Tr., 30, Berkeley, and Helena M. Klaffrote,  
328, San Francisco.  
WILLIAMS-HAMM—Todd W. Williams, 10,  
and Eunice Hamm, 18, both of Oakland.

**SAN FRANCISCO LICENSES.**  
STEVENSON-MCKIBBIN—Thomas L. Stevenson,  
28, Berkeley, and Carrie E. McKibbin,  
28, Taticock.  
MICHAELSEN-EDWARDS—Einar G. Michaelson,  
28, Berkeley, and Edwanda, 2, both of Oak-  
land.  
AFFLECK-KINNE—William R. Affleck, 82,  
Vallejo, and Eoulish A. Kinne, 32, Berkeley.

**SANTA CLARA COUNTY LICENSES.**  
GUTHRIE-ROBERTS—AGNES GUTHRIE, and  
Ruth E. Robbins, 22, both of Palo Alto.  
HARRIS—Mrs. J. W. Harris, 60, of Hanford,  
77, and Abu B. Eastman, 60, both of Santa  
Cruz.

**DEATHS.**  
BUNEMAN—In Piedmont, February 15. Karl  
Ernie M., widow of the late Henry Buneman,  
and mother of Albert and Kristine. Surviv-  
ing, Mrs. Frank Chiles and Mrs. George  
H. Wilham, a native of Boston, Mass.  
Funeral services respectfully invited at  
the funeral services Monday morning, Feb.

**LANGLEY**—In San Francisco, Oakland, February 18, 1918.  
 Frank Langley, husband of Minnie Langley, father of  
 Fred and Warren Langley, brother of  
 and Mary Langley of Oakland, brother of  
 George, William and Walter Langley, a native of  
 Missouri, aged 34 years, 5 months.  
 Buried at the funeral home, February 18, at 2.30 p. m.  
 from the parlors of Freeman & Co. Undertakers, 100  
 Broadway, Oakland, to St. Francis church, northeast  
 corner of 27th street, Oakland, thence to St. Francis de  
 Sales' church for services at 3 p. m.

**MURPHY**—In this city, February 18, 1918.  
 Mrs. Susan Murphy, beloved mother of Mrs. H. Murphy,  
 Mrs. Margaret C. Thomas, Mrs. Elizabeth  
 Jordan, William W. Murphy and the late  
 John W. Murphy, grandfather of Mrs. John W. Strong  
 and Mrs. W. J. Braun, a native of  
 Ohio, aged 89 years, 10 months and 25 days.  
 Buried at the funeral home, February 18, at 2.30  
 p. m., from the parlors of Freeman & Co. Undertakers,  
 100 Broadway, Oakland, to St. Francis church, northeast  
 corner of 27th street, Oakland, for services at 3 p. m.

**ROTHSCHILD**—In this city, February 15, 1918.  
 Abraham Rothschild, beloved husband of Emma  
 Rothschild, father of Mrs. Robert H. Rothschild and  
 Henry Rothschild, a native of Kentucky.  
 Buried at the chapel of Grant & Co. Undertakers,  
 222-22 East 14th street, at 11 a. m.

**SANFEE**—In Alameda, Cal., February 16, 1918.  
 Mrs. Mary Sanfee, wife of John Sanfee, daughter of  
 Ford L. Staupel, former manager of Vaughn &

Edwards Samuel, daughter of Rev. and Mrs. Wm. C. Edwards, died at her home, 107 E. 16th St., Feb. 22, 1918, aged 2 years.

R. W. Jr., Jr., Regina, Elizabeth, Marion and Eleanor Vaughan, a native born family, died Feb. 22, 1918, aged 2 years.

Friends are invited to attend the funeral services Monday, February 25, 1918 at 10 a. m., from the residence, 107 E. 16th St., where the body will lie in state.

Funeral remains at the residence pending the arrival of the Undertaker, Joseph J. Williams, Clara's aunt, until Monday morning.

**WILLIAMS**—In this city, February 14, 1918, a native of Portugal, aged 64 years, months and 28 days, a member of St. Francis' church, O. F. S., Benigno G. (Benedito) parents please copy.

Friends and acquaintances respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, Sunday, February 17, 1918, at 2 p. m., from the residence, 107 E. 16th St., where the body will lie in state, under the auspices of the Alameda cemetery committee of the I. O. O. F.

**SAN FRANCISCO DEATHS.**

Brown, Wm. A.—66 Maloney, John J.  
Bridges, George—66 Maloney, John J.  
Carral, Agustin—28 McGovern, James J.  
Crowley, Catharine—62 Novaro, Emma—23  
Duffy, Thomas—62 Novaro, Emma—23  
Eichmann, Rudolph—65 O'Donnell, Hugh F.  
Gibson, Ellen—65 O'Donnell, Jeremiah  
Hart, William—65 O'Donnell, Jeremiah  
Kohn, Alex. —65 Rose, Mary H.  
Lacey, Jeremiah M.—65 Rose, Mary H.  
Morgan, John—65 Rose, Mary H.

Fennell, John R. Gressman, John—69 Hinkel, Michael Krueger, Bertha F. Lucas, Paul—4 Moore, Joseph P. Island, Me.—A—7	Sausenett, Anne—2 Slick, Lou F—4 Van Hest, J. W. Williams, Edward—5 Wood, Frank J. Williamson, Anna (S) for Brunswick
--	---

# GODEAU

# FUNERALS

## 1/2 Trust Prices

The Luxurious Way

From home or church to cemetery  
 the *Godeau Funeral Car*  
 Richly furnished—seats 37—private  
 compartment for mourners. And  
 Godeau saves you half.

☛ **Telephone Oakland 4015**  
 when Death makes the Undertaker  
 necessary.

No extra charge for funerals in Ala-  
 bama, Berkeley or within 25 miles of  
 office.

**Julius S. Godeau**  
2210 Webster St., Oakland  
41 Van Ness Ave., S. F.  
345 Columbus Ave., S. F.  
627 Figueroa St., Los Angeles.  
El Dorado and Poplar, Stockton.



# A CLEAR COMPLEXION

**Ruddy Cheeks—Sparkling Eyes  
—Most Women Can Have**

**Says Dr. Edwards, a Well-Known  
Ohio Physician**

Dr. F. M. Edwards for 17 years treated scores of women for liver and bowel ailments. During these years he gave to his patients a prescription made of a few well-known vegetable ingredients mixed with olive oil, naming them Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets. You will know them by their olive color.

These tablets are wonder-workers on the liver and bowels, which cause a normal action, carrying off the waste and poisonous matter in one's system.

If you have a pale face, sallow look, dull eyes, pimples, coated tongue, headaches, a listless, no-good feeling, all out of sorts, itching bowels, you take one of Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets now. For a time and note the pleasant results.

Thousands of women who have taken Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets—the successful substitute for—now—and then just to keep them in good condition. 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

# Revelations of a Wife

—by Adele Garrison—

There is even being done a bit of quiet botting as to which senator will first click the knitting needle.

♦ ♦ ♦

If there is a fat man anywhere under the Stars and Stripes who had despair in his heart he is destined to be a happy one. He is about to receive a sweater. Those who grinned at the warm, cosy garments were distributed when they saw him unhappy trying on first one and then another and every time the soft wool

## ARE REFUSED CARS

Failure of California shippers to observe the rules for the maximum loading of freight cars, has resulted in disorganization of the use of available transportation facilities in this State in threatened with a severe and acute lack of transportation facilities, according to reports made today to the Car Service Committee of the American Railroad Association. Potato shippers, for example, have been placing only 40,000 pounds of potatoes in some instances, whereas the maximum safety load was 52,000 pounds.

The reports indicate such a serious condition that the committee warns shippers that the handling of the seasonal products, both perishable and im-

live up to not only in size but in  
and when she gets the line or two  
asking for more. But she can do it  
or she has some knitting record her-  
self.

\* \* \*

Making a right and left sock at  
the same time is a trick which the  
Australian women have learned.  
Once you know how it is perfectly  
easy. But as the Crooked Mouth  
family of childhood lore remarked,  
"It is easy to say, but it is hard to  
do." So, weary knitter, would you not like  
to learn the secret of knitting two  
socks at one knitting?

Fifty thousand pairs of socks a  
month for British relief is the record  
which Australia is making by reason  
of the Red Cross.

Chicago women have become ex-  
cited over the competition which their  
country has offered. They are going to  
learn how to kill two birds at one  
swoop, or the reason why. So there  
has come to America a gentle knitter  
under the disguising name of Miss  
Evelyn, who is to teach the Ameri-  
can way. Evanston, Ill., has been  
chosen for the work. The method  
is with open arms. The method  
has been introduced into the Red  
Cross headquarters. Directions are  
being sold, the funds, of course, going  
into the Red Cross treasury.

So, after all, the secret can be  
taught. Maybe Alameda county knitters will

# Clubs

By Edna B. Kinard

sonner than later. For every hard-  
core woman, be she a woman or  
housewife, will have a home garden.  
either raise early peas and  
onions, or she will watch over a deck  
of hens. Anyway, she is going to  
improve her loyalty by increasing her  
larder and relieving a part of her  
personal demand on the general food  
storehouse. The government is apt  
to advise and the government is apt  
to be wrong. There is a concerted  
action through the women's commit-  
tee of the Councils of National and  
State Defense for the encouraging of  
the growing of home staples. These  
local unit, remembering the strength  
of its new ally, is urged to arm  
itself with the means ready to distribute pri-  
vately the literature on the smaller crops  
which back yards lend themselves to.  
Moreover, they are being asked to  
make a survey of the families hav-  
ing home gardens or poultry yards.  
mother's needs. While mother waits  
for the straight, clean furrows, the quib-  
bling 5-year-old sat at her feet and  
amused the aunt's ears. She had a  
small pair of white socks. Sometimes  
the stitches peeled and at times  
they dropped out and sometimes  
they were so small the swelling kept  
and its sweater, just like Uncle Rob

## White Frocks Are Popular In National Conservation



## Plans to Save Dress Goods Are Meeting With Eager Cooperation

In cases where there are much hair, electrolysis is the only cure. But the disfigurement may be made practically unnoticeable by the following effective home measures by touching the growth with a bit of cotton wool wrapped about a match stick dipped in peroxide and ammonia. Superfluous hair can also be removed by applying the following depilatory:

Caustic soda .....	100 grains
Caustic potash .....	100 grains

**HOW TO USE IT.**

Mix thoroughly and keep in a dry, well-corked bottle until required. Take enough to cover the part to be denuded and warm water until the proper consistency is secured. Spread over the hair surface and allow it to remain on from one to five minutes, according to the nature of the growth and the susceptibility of your skin. Then scrape off with a blunt blade, a paper knife, for example.

This depilatory should be removed, as in the case of every other depilatory, when a burning sensation is felt. Too long contact with the skin should be avoided. Immediately after the hair has been removed the denuded surface should be gently washed with warm water and a soft towel or a bland oil applied to prevent irritation.


**EVEN THE FINGER TIPS.**

Then there is the ugly, stiff hair line that makes some women look as if they wore wigs. To make the hair grow

**The hair grows without the use of chemicals**

Made of high beans, skillfully manufactured mechanical process the use of chemicals absolutely perfect some, and is efficacious, the hair grows the color of the hair

The general trade-mark only by



# REDLINE

and drink  
 a fault  
 grade cocoa  
 y blended and  
 by a perfect  
 ocess, without  
 emicals. It is  
 ure and whole-  
 ts flavor is deli-  
 atural flavor of  
 a bean.  
 ine bears this  
 rk and is made

# News of the Knitters

the senate, once returning in the United States, will be a wonder to inspire to gallant deeds.

There is even being done a bit of quiet betting as to which senator will first click the knitting needle.

♦ ♦ ♦

If there is a fat man anywhere under the Stars and Stripes who had despair in his heart, he is destined to a happy life. He is about to receive a sweater. Those who grinned at the warm, cosy garments were distributed when they saw him unhappy trying on first one and then another and every time the soft wool

to live up to not only in size but in kind when she gets the line or two asking for more. But she can do it. Oh, she has some knitting record herself.

♦ ♦ ♦

Making a right and left sock the same time is a trick which the Australian women have learned. Once you know how it is perfectly easy. But as the Crooked Mouth family of oldhood long remarked, "Oh, blessed be the name of how!" Oh, wretched fellow, would you not like to learn the secret of knitting two socks at one knitting?

Fifty thousand pairs of socks a month for British relief is the record which Australia is making by reason of the country's trick.

Chicago women have become excited over the competition which their ally has offered. They are going to learn how to kill two birds at one throw, or the reason why. So there has come to America a gentle knitter under the disguising name of Miss Ebert, who is to teach the Australians way. Evanston, Ill., has been brot with open arms. The method has been introduced into the Red Cross headquarters. Directions are being sold, the funds, of course, going into the Red Cross treasury.

So after all, the knitter can be bought.

Maybe Alameda county knitters will

be done. The league's blanks are interesting and comprehensive documents and leave out not a single one who really wants to help. Should one volunteer for service and find on can that the task can not be accepted there is no obligation. Miss Jane Barry is the volunteer secretary.

sonner than later. For every hard-  
core woman, be she a woman or  
housewife, will have a home garden.  
either raise early peas and  
onions, or she will watch over a deck  
of hens. Anyway, she is going to  
improve her loyalty by increasing her  
larder and relieving a part of her  
personal demand on the general food  
storehouse. The government is apt  
to advise and the government is apt  
to be wrong. There is a concerted  
action through the women's commit-  
tee of the Councils of National and  
State Defense for the encouraging of  
the growing of home staples. These  
local unit, remembering the strength  
of its new ally, is urged to arm  
itself with the means ready to distribute pri-  
vately the literature on the smaller crops  
which back yards lend themselves to.  
Moreover, they are being asked to  
make a survey of the families hav-  
ing home gardens or poultry yards.  
mother's needs. While mother waits  
for the straight, clean furrows, the quib-  
bling 5-year-old sat at her feet and  
amused the aunt's ears. She had a  
small pair of white socks. Sometimes  
the stitches peeled and at times  
they dropped out and sometimes  
they were so small the swelling kept  
and its sweater, just like Uncle Rob

Very interesting detail has been thought out in the cutting of the bustle frock of oyster-white Roshanara crepe. The draped collar of the tightly fitted bodice winds gracefully over the shoulders and is made of the same material as the skirt.

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**The hair grows without the use of depilatory.**

Made of high beans, skillfully manufactured mechanical process the use of chemicals absolutely perfect. Some, and is the most efficacious, the most effective. The cocco-

The general trade-mark only by



Now the carrot jelly Nurse Jane made was very sticky and stiff jelly—altogether a proper sort of jelly for one to eat a little of on one's bread and butter. But when one sticks one's beak away

and drink  
 a fault  
 grade cocoa  
 y blended and  
 by a perfect  
 ocess, without  
 emicals. It is  
 ure and whole-  
 ts flavor is deli-  
 atural flavor of  
 a bean.  
 ine bears this  
 rk and is made



**PARKER'S  
HAIR BALM**  
A toilet preparation of merit.  
Helps to eradicate dandruff.  
For Restoring Color and  
Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair.  
50c. and \$1.00 at Druggists.

The Southern Pacific and the Western Pacific both reported yesterday that they need cars. An appeal made by the Western Pacific to the National Car Service commission for 500 cars, was turned down.

\* \* \*

The little kiewpie doll was scarce four inches high, but its bulging form was covered with sordid sweater of true kiaki color. The little girl displayed it proudly. She had made it

## After Treatment With Cuticura

Stubby finger-tips are another defect that keeps many an otherwise perfect hand from being beautiful. The finger-

MAKER & CO. LTD.  
CHESTER, MASS.  
Established 1780

**J. F. DENTON, Church Editor**

GREAT VESTED CHOIR—PAT.

OTIC AND POPULAR MUSIC.

Life." Take Leona car at 13th and Broadway.

7:30 p. m.—"Washington and Lincoln." <sup>preach.</sup>

God — John, 2nd chapter, 3rd verse.      a silver collection will be taken.  
ALL WELCOME.

ADMISSION FREE.

GREAT VESTED CHOIR—PATRIOTIC AND POPULAR MUSIC.

Life." Take Leona car at 13th and Broadway.

7:30 p. m.—"Washington and Lincoln." <sup>preach.</sup>

God — John, 2nd chapter, 3rd verse.      a silver collection will be taken.  
ALL WELCOME.

ADMISSION FREE.

# BOGUS COUNT ASKS LOAN OF MORGAN

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—How a \$150,000 loan was obtained, posing as "His Excellency the Marquis Edmond Rousset of Castillon, confidential representative of His Majesty King Alfonso XIII of Spain," opened negotiations with the banking house of J. P. Morgan & Co. for a loan of \$500,000 to Spain, and, by promising that Spain would enter the war on the side of the entente allies, brought the state department into the matter, was revealed in the federal court here when the indictments were returned against Edmond Rousset under the espionage law.

Rousset was pressing his plan for the loan when chance caused his arrest on another charge, and his castle in Spain quickly toppled.

William Pierson Hamilton of the Morgan house was foreman of the grand jury which returned the indictments and was familiar with the entire transaction, because he was the member of the firm to whom the matter was intrusted.

When the subject of the loan was broached to the bank by Rousset, who had been properly introduced by W. P. Morgan & Co. for a loan of \$500,000 to Spain, and, by promising that Spain would enter the war on the side of the entente allies, brought the state department into the matter, was revealed in the federal court here when the indictments were returned against Edmond Rousset under the espionage law.

The negotiations were still under way and Hamilton had the matter under consideration when Rousset, about three weeks ago, was arrested on the charge of falsely representing himself as "Count Rousset," a French diplomat here on a secret mission, and being unable to obtain bail was sent to jail. This led to inquiry, and the whole affair was laid before the grand jury.

It developed that Rousset had not confined his operations to banking houses, but numbered among his confiding friends one woman from whom he had borrowed \$10,000 on oil stocks of doubtful value, but for the redemption of which he had pledged his "ancestral estates."

Another of his friends was a prominent actress, who told the authorities she had been introduced to "Count Rousset" by an American friend, and believing him to be in the French diplomatic service, had visited an English warship in the harbor with him. As his credentials were well covered with seals which seemed to be all right they were taken over the ship and shown every courtesy, she said.

Rousset established himself in a suite in a fashionable hotel and there received many letters, which are described as being covered with crests.

"Marquis," "Count" and "King's Messenger." These documents, when examined by the authorities, proved to be letters apparently written by Rousset to himself. One of them, purporting to have come from the King of Spain, bore a large red seal impressed by the stamp of the commissioner of deeds of Westchester county, New York. He also had a rubber stamp bearing the words "Ministre de la Guerre," which, the authorities allege, he used while posing as a French diplomat. When representing himself as the agent of the King of Spain he used a crest cut from the advertising of a leading furrier, they declared.

# Los Angeles Minister to Speak Tomorrow Morning

DR. JAMES WHITCOMB BROUGHER, who will speak in the First Baptist Church tomorrow.



# Former U. C. Football Player Is Known As a Forceful Lecturer Throughout the Country

Dr. James Whitcomb Brougher, former Oakland boy and University of California football player, now famed from coast to coast as one of the most forceful preachers and lecturers before the public, will speak in the First Baptist church, Twenty-first street and Telegraph avenue, tomorrow morning, at 11 o'clock. His popular subject will be "Folly and How to Play the Game." This will be the only appearance in Oakland of this celebrated pastor of the Temple Baptist church of Los Angeles.

Dr. Brougher's first pastorate was in Patterson, N. J., where he built up one of the largest churches in the state. In Chattanooga he became known as one of the most popular preachers in the South. In Portland, Ore., where he was pastor of the White Temple for six years, he drew the largest congregations ever known in that city. When Robert J. Burdette resigned his pastorate in Los Angeles, Brougher was unanimously elected to be the only man who could stand in the place of the gentle humorist.

The doors of the First Baptist church will be open tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock and there will be a short organ recital at 10:45 o'clock.

# SEEK EVIDENCE AGAINST FERRER

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 16.—While P. C. Ferrer who admits holding a commission to buy an unlimited quantity of arms and ammunition, has been allowed by United States Commissioner Krull to go on his own reconnaissance operative of the army intelligence bureau are busy hunting up additional evidence to present against him on Monday, when trial of his case will be resumed. Similar charges against him in Los Angeles have been dismissed, as well as those against W. D. Grant, a Los Angeles mining engineer, who was held as Ferrer's accomplice.

The two men were accused by the army bureau of conspiring in a plot to purchase and ship immense quantities of ammunition into Mexico. The result of investigations "General" Nicholas Senn Zogg, Norbert A. Davies and Charles Draper were arrested in Los Angeles. Ferrer admitted on the witness stand yesterday that he had been promised a commission of \$20,000 if he would supply certain definite information concerning the firms from which the arms and ammunition could be bought. He wrote to Mason at El Paso, he said, telling him that Grant knew where rifles and revolvers could be purchased, but he had not seen anything of the \$20,000. According to Ferrer, Mason has the spending of some \$4,000,000 at his command for this purpose.

Large attendance at the War Service League benefit party to be given in the Orpheum Monday night is assured, according to returns that have been received by W. E. Castro, chairman of the benefit committee. Castro said today:

"The response to the offer of tickets has been very satisfactory. The Central Labor Council, the Building Trades Council, the Master Plumbers, the Carpenters' Union, public officers, societies and other organizations have taken blocks of tickets and will hold individual parties all over the theater. Orders are coming fast and there is no doubt that the house will be filled to overflowing with a crowd anxious to voice its enthusiasm. The regular Orpheum prices prevail, and tickets can be obtained at the office of the War Service League, 311 Central Bank Building, Telephone Oakland 223."

# THINK FALL RUSE

Believing that a ruse was perpetrated in an attempt to hold up automobiles on the Foothill boulevard by a man who intentionally fell from his bicycle, a close watch is being maintained by the police on that thoroughfare, following a report made by J. Penney of Hayward. Penney reported to the police that the man riding the bicycle ahead of him took a sudden plunge. He became suspicious, believing that the fall was intentional, possibly to get the auto driver to stop and give aid. Similar ruses have been perpetrated before, according to the police.

Rev. J. N. Garst, pastor of the Twenty-third Avenue Baptist church, will begin his Lenten series of sermons on Sunday, February 17, at 10:30 a. m. The subject of the first sermon will be "Why Pray When God Knows Our Needs?" February 24, "A Balm in Sorrow," March 10, "The Prayer of Faith," March 17, "Unanswered Prayers," March 24, "Mankind's Choices in Prayer," March 31, "The Hardest Prayer Ever Prayed," April 7, "Why Christ Prayed for Us," April 14, "Christ's Prayer for Our Salvation," April 21, "Christ's Prayer for Our Sanctification," May 5, "Christ's Prayer for the Unification of All Christians."

In the discussion of tomorrow's subject, "Why Pray When God Knows Our Needs?" such as the following questions will be tested: "Why should we pray?" "Why does the prayer change God's plans?" "Why did Jesus Christ pray?" "Why does the prayer change God's plans?" "Why did Jesus Christ pray?" "Why does the prayer change God's plans?"

The pastor's evening sermon subject, "Who Is to Church?" will face the fact. There is a reason. Baptism will be administered on this Go-to-Church day. You are cordially invited to the church, 2000 Broadway, corner Twenty-third Avenue and East Seventeenth street.

MID-DAY MEETING  
The first of the union mid-day Lenten meetings planned by all the Protestant churches of the city will be held Wednesday at the Crane Wilbur playhouse, and was very largely attended. The Auditorium, being closed, the meeting was held in the playhouse.

Rev. Roy O. Tiz led the congregational singing. The Athenian Male Quartet sang several selections. The pastor, Rev. John Stephens led in prayer. Crane Wilbur said he appeared in the playhouse and he appeared in a few moments welcomed the guests and wished the noon-day meetings success.

Rev. F. J. Van Horn, pastor of the First Congregational church, and president of the Ministerial union, responded to the address of welcome and brought the message of the hour on the words of Jesus:

"Come unto me all ye that labor and are heavy laden and I will give you rest. These meetings have been planned for ever Wednesday during Lent, and different ministerial representatives will have charge of each meeting. The time has been set so that everyone will be able to drop in for a few minutes of service, even if the forty minutes that will be devoted to the entire service should prove too long."

FIRST UNITARIAN  
At the First Unitarian church, Tuesday, Feb. 19, at 8 o'clock, George J. Van Horn, of the First Congregational church, will preach in the morning on the theme, "The Power of Prayer." The pastor will also preach in the evening on the same theme.

Immediately following the morning service at the First Unitarian church, Tuesday, Feb. 19, at 8 o'clock, the service will be held at the playhouse, 2000 Broadway, corner Twenty-third Avenue and East Seventeenth street.

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# ELECTED BY D. A. R.

Mrs. Ida Jewell Farber of this city and Mrs. O. H. Harshbarger of Berkeley were elected to offices at the meeting in Hollywood a suburb of Los Angeles, of the California Daughters of the Revolution. Mrs. Farber was made auditor for the northern district, and Mrs. Harshbarger was elected state recorder. Mrs. Farber was also elected state recorder. Mrs. Harshbarger was also elected state recorder.

Other new officers are Mrs. J. W. Morgan, Hollywood, recording secretary; Mrs. W. H. Dudley, Los Angeles, treasurer, and Mrs. A. Crickshaw, Santa Ana, auditor for the south, and Mrs. O. H. McFarland, Palo Alto, historian.

The schooner Wm. B. Burnham loaded 200 cases of coal oil at Point Richmond, and a tugboat of the same name for the steam for New Zealand and was towed out to sea last evening.

The motor schooner Isabel May took a cargo of merchandise to Paupete. Motor schooner Eris left for Yokohama. Motor schooner Hull sailed for Australia. The schooner Saman left for Columbia river to load lumber for Australia. The schooner Saman left for Columbia river to load lumber for Australia.

The steam schooner Johan Poulsen left Oakland harbor with the dredger Natoma in tow and will take her to Astoria where she will go in commission at that port.

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# AGAINST PICKETS JURY IS ATTACKED

SAN JOSE, Feb. 15.—Picketing in San Jose is illegal, according to a decision handed down yesterday by Judge J. R. Welch of the superior court, in the case of the Bean Spray Company against the "Molders' International local union No. 154." A temporary injunction was issued by the court, three weeks ago, upon the application of the Bean Spray Pump Works, restraining molders, pattern-makers and helpers who are on a strike, from placing pickets around its premises.

The opinion as written by Judge Welch covers twenty typewritten pages and declares that there can be no such thing as peaceful picketing. The court rules that the presence of a picket is calculated to "intimidate and coerce workers and to annoy and to harass them." The opinion goes into the rights of employers, strikers and those who remain at work. The primary and secondary boycott are

Recently the grand jury gained courage from certain sources because it attended in a body a trial before a police court jury. Gabriel has defended several persons accused of having violated the lottery law.

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# News of the Churches

By JAMES E. DENTON, Church Editor.

## District Meet of Woman's Missions at Christian Church

The quarterly convention of the Bay District Woman's Christian Missionary Society, auxiliary to the Christian Church of San Francisco, will be held Tuesday, February 19, at Fruitvale Christian Church, East Twenty-third street and Fruitvale avenue, with the following program:

MORNING SESSION.  
9:15, Reveille; 10:30, devotionals, Mrs. D. Hart; 10:45, talk, Miss Sarah Elin; Japanese Y. W. C. A.; 10:45, report (work among Chinese women and girls), Miss Amanda; 11:05, quartet, Mrs. Russell; 11:15, J. A. Augustus, Mrs. H. C. Ingram, Mrs. F. M. Jones; 11:30, address from the Men and Women's conference; 11:30, roll call and business period; 11:45, greetings; 12:00, 18th Psalm (American Revised version) repeated in concert, noontide prayer, Mrs. Mary B. Hartley, state president, C. W. B. J., California North.

AFTERNOON SESSION.  
1:30, Duett, Rev. and Mrs. Roy O. Tiz; 1:35, devotionals, Mrs. H. A. Van Whitely; 2:00, address, Mrs. Van Whitely; 2:05, vocal solo, Mrs. C. B. Burton; 2:10, readings, Mrs. C. W. Burton; 2:15, offering, Mrs. Louis Marks; 2:20, offering, Mrs. W. E. Nichols; 2:25, J. H. McCartney; 2:35, violin duet, Thelma and Wendy Hart; 2:40, greetings from Mr. Hermon; Mrs. F. B. Perkins; 2:50, reports of committees; 3:00, adjournment.

NATIONAL BENEDICTION.  
"God be merciful unto us and bless us; and cause His face to shine upon us. That Thy ways may be known upon earth. Thy saving health among all nations. Through Jesus Christ our Lord."

Musical director, Roy O. Tiz, organist, Mrs. E. K. Caldwell.

President and district secretary, Mrs. C. H. Jasper, first vice-president, Mrs. Russell; second vice-president, Mrs. H. P. Platt; recording secretary, Mrs. H. W. Black; corresponding secretary, Mrs. G. S. Marshall; treasurer, Mrs. J. H. Thompson.

Program committee—Mrs. H. G. Guy, Mrs. H. C. Ingram, Mrs. Viola Turner, Mrs. Geo. H. Myer, Mrs. Frank L. Thompson.

Lunch, at 2:50 per plate, will be served by the ladies of the church.

First M. E. Church  
The services of this church, Twenty-fourth and Broadway, for Sunday, February 17th, are as follows:

"Fathers and sons' week" will close at the First Methodist Episcopal church with special services at 11 a. m. Dr. John Stephens, the pastor, will preach a sermon on "The Heart of the Father."

In the evening, there will be the usual popular service of patriotic and religious songs. Special music will be rendered by the church choir. The pastor will give a sermon on "What Will Make San Francisco Saloons Good?"

The subject for the sermon is, "How Christ Won an Average Man a Wayward Victory." This is the first in a series of Lenten sermons on "Victories of Christ."

Evangelistic Meeting.  
Twenty-fourth Avenue M. E. church is enjoying a glorious revival under the leadership of the pastor and his wife, Rev. and Mrs. James E. Jackson. Forty-six adults and young people have come to the altar since Sunday evening, February 3.

The solos every evening by Mr. Berger, a recent convert, are both beautiful and effective. The large attendance at these meetings every evening prove the drawing power of the old Gospel of Jesus Christ.

## SPECIAL SERVICE AT ST. MICHAEL'S

The invitation of St. Michael's Lutheran church, Alcatraz at Benvenue avenue, is "Come thou with us and we will do thee good."

The Lenten services will be Devotional services Wednesday evenings at 8 o'clock by the pastor, Rev. H. W. Jones. Twilight organ recitals, Sunday evenings at 6 o'clock by Miss Clara McCullough. Silver offering, Tuesday, February 19, 10:30 a. m. The program of the recital for February 19: Toccata and Fugue in D minor (J. S. Bach); To a Willow Song (Edward MacDowell); Fantasia in Flat, Op. 101 (C. Saint-Saens); Barcarolle in B minor (William Faulkes); Pontifical March (R. de la Tombelle).

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN.  
The series of sociological sermons Rev. Frank M. Slesley is preaching at the First Presbyterian church, Oakland's temple beautiful, on "Wonderful Women" is proving immensely popular and is being attended by capacity crowds. Sunday, February 17, at 10:30 a. m. and business period, 11:45, greetings; 12:00, 18th Psalm (American Revised version) repeated in concert, noontide prayer, Mrs. Mary B. Hartley, state president, C. W. B. J., California North.

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# TRY THEM

The next time you suffer with headache, indigestion, biliousness or loss of appetite, try—

# BERCHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World Sold everywhere. 10 boxes, 10c, 25c.

# PORTLAND

THE GREAT CHINESE DOCTOR  
He has cured thousands of all kinds of chronic diseases and all kinds of acute diseases, blood poisoning, rheumatism, kidney, liver, lung, stomach, and all other diseases. He has cured thousands of all kinds of chronic diseases and all kinds of acute diseases, blood poisoning, rheumatism, kidney, liver, lung, stomach, and all other diseases.

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# TIME TABLE

EFFECTIVE AUGUST 1, 1917.  
OF LOCAL FERRY TRAINS  
FROM OAKLAND AND BERKELEY TO SAN FRANCISCO  
(DAILY EXCEPT AS NOTED)

5:40	8:20	5:40	8:30	5:40	8:40	5:42	8:22
6:00	8:40	6:00	8:50	6:00	9:00	6:02	8:42
7:00	9:00	7:00	9:10	7:00	9:20	7:02	9:02
8:00	9:20	8:00	9:30	8:00	9:40	8:02	9:22
9:00	9:40	9:00	9:50	9:00	10:00	9:02	9:42
10:00	10:00	10:00	10:10	10:00	10:20	10:02	10:02
11:00	10:20	11:00	10:30	11:00	10:40	11:02	10:22
12:00	10:40	12:00	10:50	12:00	11:00	12:02	10:42
1:00	11:00	1:00	11:10	1:00	11:20	1:02	11:02
2:00	11:20	2:00	11:30	2:00	11:40	2:02	11:22
3:00	11:40	3:00	11:50	3:00	12:00	3:02	11:42
4:00	12:00	4:00	12:10	4:00	12:20	4:02	12:02
5:00	12:20	5:00	12:30	5:00	12:40	5:02	12:22
6:00	12:40	6:00	12:50	6:00	13:00	6:02	12:42
7:00	13:00	7:00	13:10	7:00	13:20	7:02	13:02
8:00	13:20	8:00	13:30	8:00	13:40	8:02	13:22
9:00	13:40	9:00	13:50	9:00	14:00	9:02	13:42
10:00	14:00	10:00	14:10	10:00	14:20	10:02	14:02
11:00	14:20	11:00	14:30	11:00	14:40	11:02	14:22
12:00	14:40	12:00	14:50	12:00	15:00	12:02	14:42
1:00	15:00	1:00	15:10	1:00	15:20	1:02	15:02
2:00	15:20	2:00	15:30	2:00	15:40	2:02	15:22
3:00	15:40	3:00	15:50	3:00	16:00	3:02	15:42
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8:00	17:20	8:00	17:30	8:00	17:40	8:02	17:22
9:00	17:40	9:00	17:50	9:00	18:00	9:02	17:42
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11:00	18:20	11:00	18:30	11:00	18:40	11:02	18:22
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2:00	19:20	2:00	19:30	2:00	19:40	2:02	19:22
3:00	19:40	3:00	19:50	3:00	20:00	3:02	19:42
4:00	20:00	4:00	20:10	4:00	20:20	4:02	20:02
5:00	20:20	5:00	20:30	5:00	20:40	5:02	20:22
6:00	20:40	6:00	20:50	6:00	21:00	6:02	20:42
7:00	21:00	7:00	21:10	7:00	21:20	7:02	21:02
8:00	21:20	8:00	21:30	8:00	21:40	8:02	21:22
9:00	21:40	9:00	21:50	9:00	22:00	9:02	21:42
10:00	22:00	10:00	22:10	10:00	22:20	10:02	22:02
11:00	22:20	11:00	22:30	11:00	22:40	11:02	22:22
12:00	22:40	12:00	22:50	12:00	23:00	12:02	22:42

# Oakland Tribune

Supreme on Continental Side of San Francisco Bay  
Established February 21, 1874.  
FOUNDED BY WM. E. DARGIE.

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Charter Member, Audit Bureau of Circulation.  
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Full United Press Service.  
International News Service.  
Pacific News Service.

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B. A. FORSTER, Secretary and General Manager.  
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Three months.....10.00 One year (in advance).....50.00  
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## TO SUBSCRIBERS.

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TRIBUNE office by telephone, and a special messenger  
will be dispatched with a copy of THE TRIBUNE at once.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1918.

## TO SUPPORT HELM CHOICE.

Representative Julius Kahn of San Francisco has written the Oakland Chamber of Commerce that he will co-operate with the Representative from the Alameda congressional district, Mr. Elston, in efforts to secure an initial appropriation for the new Pacific Coast naval base at Alameda. Mr. Kahn will urge the adoption of the report and recommendations of the Helm Naval Commission.

While the specific assurance of this course of action by Mr. Kahn is gratifying, it is no more than those acquainted with the San Francisco congressman expected. It is directly in line with the broad views and a quality of statesmanship which mark Mr. Kahn's performance of public duties.

Mr. Kahn recognizes the sound policy of adopting the findings of the expert commission of naval officers created by Congress and the President to pass upon the questions of establishing a naval base in the Pacific and the location of that base, as well as the incongruity of any efforts that would express approval of the decision in the first case and aim at delay through opposition to the decision in the second. But he also is mindful of the urgency of starting the construction of the new naval base with the least delay possible; that it is to be a most important unit in the nation's naval defenses and particularly those of the Pacific Coast.

All the people in the bay district, those of San Francisco as well as of the east shore, fully expected Mr. Kahn to stand solidly behind the naval commission or any other power for efficiency and the prompt performance of public work. But they will be pleased with the news that he has stated his intentions clearly and emphatically. They hope that the important place he holds in the House as the leader of the preparedness forces and the complete confidence in his judgment and leadership entertained by the President will be an influence for early action in the naval base matter.

## FOOD PRODUCTION PLANS.

The country is expected this year to sow over 60,000,000 acres of wheat. Though the farmers sowed 1,000,000 acres more winter wheat than ever before, they have fallen short of the 44,500,000 acres asked of them, and much has been winter-killed; hence the spring planting must be correspondingly large—over 20,000,000 acres. The farmers last fall were asked to put 5,000,000 acres in winter rye, and the South to plant winter oats to the largest extent possible. It is planned to maintain the bean acreage of 1917, greater by 85 per cent than in 1916, and the greatly increased potato acreage.

Mr. Hoover has said that the world's shortage of livestock amounted last fall to about 115,000,000 cattle, hogs and sheep. National and State governments are already encouraging the production of hogs, sheep and cattle. Hog cholera is being fought with increased energy, and in order to save grain the farmers are being urged to use pasture and forage as far as possible in growing pork. To get more beef the government is making war on the cattle tick, is encouraging the transfer of livestock from areas liable to drought to those of plentiful feed, is using all federal grazing lands, is appointing many more agents to demonstrate the possibilities of cattle-growing. State and national agencies are preaching truck farming in neglected areas so as to minimize the shipment of perishables.

It will be observed that the government is intensively interesting itself in a program of greater food production. It also has plans to facilitate marketing and distribution and to insure for the farmer just and stabilized prices. The farmers and the stockmen will respond as best they can, moved by an always reliable patriotism, as well as the incentive of assured good prices for their products. There are other matters with which the govern-

ment should concern itself. The Tribune called attention a few days ago to the unhappy prospect regarding grain bags for Pacific Coast farmers. A 200 per cent raise in the price of these necessities is threatened. The government should intervene in this matter and also take care to see that the farmer is not gouged by the manufacturers of other harvesting and cultivation supplies. And underlying the whole program of produced production is the essential question of labor for the harvesting seasons.

## THE BOLSHEVIKIAN WAY.

Foreign Minister Troitzky of the Bolshevik regime pronounced a magnificent thought when, at the conclusion of the Brest-Litovsk peace conference, he declared that, while Russia would not sign a German peace treaty, she would not continue the war. Russia would demobilize her military forces and peace would follow as a matter of course, he said in effect.

But it is the kind of magnificence that belongs only in the realm of thought and impracticable idealism. As a policy of the state it is foolishly impossible. Mr. Troitzky has already learned this from the Prussian kaiser's agents.

The Bolsheviks have gone further than any pacifist crank before them. Compared to the stand Lenin and Troitzky have taken, the preaching of the most sanguine, single-minded pacifist to the effect that disarmament and absence of preparation would prevent war is as the raging of armed conflict in all its fury. Lenin and Troitzky have pretended to believe that they could achieve peace and security for their country by laying down their arms in the face of a fully-armed, enraged, predatory adversary ambitious for new territory. Not only have they adopted the practice that would follow a "too proud to fight" policy; but they have resorted to non-resistance to stop the military beast—the "were wolves" of Germany according to Dr. Van Dyke's characterization—from invading and seizing their territory.

But as was to be expected, the kaiser will have none of this. He demands a treaty giving him coveted Russian territory. He camouflaged his real aims as a proposed agreement for the "self-determination" of Poland, Courland, Lithuania, Ukraine, etc., but even the Bolshevik government was not deceived. They realize that these provinces would have a German chain around their neck with the other end reaching to Berlin, while tied to greater Russia only by the weak and uncertain thread of historic associations and consanguinity of political aspirations.

The Prussian dictators announce that they will continue the invasion of Russia if their demands are not fully agreed to by the Bolsheviks. In conjunction with the separate treaty already concluded between Ukraine and Germany, these would mean that Russia would lose to the Middle Europe of the Pan-Germans, Ukraine, Poland, Finland, Courland, Lithuania and the Lettish lands. She would lose the ports of Riga, Helsingfors and Odessa, and Petrograd would be shut off or at the selfish mercy of Germany. She would retain only the frozen port of Archangel and the Pacific port, far distant, of Vladivostok. Considering that Russia entered the war to gain the use of another outlet for her commerce—the Dardanelles—the Russian people would not be long in realizing the extent of their sacrifices under the banner of Bolshevism.

Lenin and Troitzky will not sign an agreement confirming these vital losses, but they will not resist Germany if she wishes to keep them or to seize other territory, even Petrograd itself. Further, they will disperse all organized forces of resistance and defense. How Bolshevik idealism has fallen!

If the Russian people do not object to having all the windows of their communal life, through which they have been accustomed to look upon Europe and the rest of the world, walled up, they need no defense; if they treasure not their homes, their firesides, the right to think, to work, to sing and to gaze into the heavens without encountering "ger-baten," they need no defense.

## USE OF SLANG.

Many words in our tongue that are popularly supposed to be slang are really old English. When one of our trans-Atlantic cousins says of a gushing editorial or an efflorescent speech that it is "bally rot," he asserts in the language of Chaucer's time that it is the hully of a decomposed brain.

When you say of a friend who has neglected to return the five dollars he borrowed from you that he is a "measly sucker," you apply to him Webster's definition of a contemptible pig. When you remark that you will be "dod-gasted," you mean that you will become even as the ghost of a clipped sheep. A "chik" in the reign of Queen Elizabeth was an "advantage-taker," while a thief who snatched a lady's purse "swiped" it.

When the Yankee farmer remarks that he will be "goe swiggled," he means that he will be hanged on a gallows erected on the right-hand side of the jail yard. To be "dinged" is to be beaten, and the collector of the accounts of gas, water and electric light rates is an "ornithorynchus"—a beast with a bill.

Assistant United States District Attorney Orinbaum has publicly stated that Alameda county is a center of enemy activities. Some time ago a federal official charged that this county was not doing its part in suppressing boot-legging and vice. These are not accusations that are pleasant to hear, but if they are based on fact the loyal citizens of this county do not ask for silence. They will ask the municipal and county authorities, not what they are going to say about them, but what are they going to do.

## NOTES and COMMENT

The British administration has withstood the latest attack at home. One would think that the British people would concentrate more intensely against the common enemy; but there are always those who think the thing under way is not being done right. There were those who thought our Civil war was erroneously conducted—and for the matter of that, some appear to be thinking so yet.

The reports of powdered glass being found in bread persist. But we have not yet read an authenticated case. Idle reports of this nature interfere with efforts to determine and treat all such enemy actions.

It is characteristic that an adjustment can be devised for it. It enables him to partly sit up. It must be a sort of life-saver, for lying prone in a world in which so much is going on would be about as bad as the affection that laid him low.

The things that divorce-seekers allege in their complaints continue to interest us. Here is one who alleges that her husband "likes chickens." But the allegation gains some pertinency when it is explained that he preferred to dance with them rather than "old fat women."

Mr. Paladini says the food problem will be solved if we go and take the fish out of Clear Lake. In Lake county, there has as yet been no complaint or sign of shortage in the ocean, bays and rivers. The trouble seems to intervene after the fish have been caught. But Mr. Paladini is entitled to the admission that it was no worse when he ran the fish supply than it is now.

Members of the "Church of the Living God" refuse to register under the alien enemy law, claiming to be subjects of the Kingdom of Heaven instead of the United States of America. When we read the names of four arrested for not observing the law—Weiss, Kuhl, Koster, Kroft—we are able to understand the inspiration of their argument.

Vilhjalmur Stefansson is in a class by himself. He departed for the Arctic on an exploring mission in 1913 and has remained away ever since, so that no news from the war-torn world has reached him. What a lot he will have to absorb on his return, which is expected in a few days, before he can pretend to be posted.

Sing Kee, the Santa Clara weather prophet, was not arrested because he missed it as to rain predictions, but because, in addition to prognosticating, he conducts a lottery, which is a surer thing than the weather—at least this year.

When we read of the arrest of dealers in the sale of the new law, we wonder where the limit was in such practices before there was any restraint at all. In the "good old days" when nobody watched and there were no penalties there must have been a riot of irresponsible dealing.

Wild geese are devastating whole agricultural regions. Wild ducks are making rice growing a problem. The game laws internose and render it difficult to deal with it. Those concerned are likely to be on hand when the Legislature next convenes.

Bolo Pasha has been condemned to death. He is in bad luck that he did not marry her for his medicine. This country is more amiable with its traitorous enemies.

Just what has happened and is happening in Russia and as to the Hun-Russo negotiations we will have to guess at. But then, Russia has always afforded a good guessing stunt.

After they get through with the investigation at Hog Island they might have an extra hearing to determine how Government naval stations came by such names as "Hog Island" and "Mare Island."

It is a relief to read that there are doubts as to the poisoning of the sheep at Butchertown. It is now strongly suspected that bacteria figured. It is a vindication of humanity if this shall prove to be so.

## SPIRIT OF THE STATE PRESS

An Oakland preacher declares that a girl who is a slacker before marriage is not likely to turn out an amazon when married, especially in time of war. He admits that the modern woman is likely to let her love wander toward the heroics, and prefers the sturdy cave-man to the hider in ambush. He concludes that women are not so clinging as they have been represented, and in all ages the fair have admired and even loved the brave.—Stockton Herald.

Leslie Conroy of San Rafael expects to launch a 5,000-ton concrete steamer at Redwood City ship yards on the 14th of March. The concrete steamer is the first and largest of its kind ever built in the world. It is 320 feet long, 44 feet beam and 26 feet in depth, fitted with triple expansion engines and Scotch boilers of 1750 horse-power, and will attain a speed of 16½ knots.—San Rafael Independent.

The shark's day as a terrorizer is passing. Soon the hunter of humans will be hunted by his evilswish "sweet morsel." The shark is in demand in the field of usefulness, where his skin appears in belts, gloves, shoes, and other articles. Now, if his flesh can be prepared in some way to make an attractive and wholesome food, the swallower of humans will be humbly swallowed.—Avon Islander.

There is a real desert sort of a bouquet that we want to hand the teachers of these boys and girls, too, from those who started them on their school-room way to those who are directing their final steps. Our teachers are just about the most splendid, well-organized, and efficient bodies that can be found in any section of the state or the United States. As the years go on, we grow prouder and prouder of the teachers who come to us down here in the Imperial valley.—Holtville Tribune.

## TAKING BACK THE ANSWER



## SHIPYARD WORKERS ON WAR

From the Moore & Scott Shipbuilding Company of Oakland, Cal., Chairman Hurley of the Shipping Board has received welcome news. It is heartening to every intelligent American. This company laid the keels of three steel ships on October 15, October 20 and November 10, and now sends this message to Mr. Hurley:

We are pleased to inform you that, barring inclement weather and unforeseen accidents, we will launch three ninety-four-hundred-tonners on March 10. So far as we know, such an event is not known in the world's history, with the accomplishment due in no small measure to the able manner in which your purchasing and traffic departments have handled the materials and equipment necessary in the construction of these vessels.

This is of good augury, for it means that a record in shipbuilding will be broken, and it brightens the prospect that American yards, east, west and south, will yet turn out ships enough this year to assure the success of the 6,000,000-ton program. The Shipping Board has the money required; it has contracted for and can obtain materials; the yards have their orders and are working on them, but—and this is the anxious problem—the supply of skilled labor is still a doubtful factor. What the Oakland yard is doing every well-equipped and well-managed plant in the country can do. Within three months, six at the outside, launchings should be reported every day, if labor responds in an enterprising and patriotic spirit, as there is good reason to expect that it will. Much depends upon the "drive" to obtain pledges from 250,000 volunteers that they will hold themselves ready to report at the yards as their services are needed.

The whole country should be impressed with the gravity of the emergency. Everybody cannot work in a shipyard, but a public sentiment can be created that will bring out the best man who could be of any use in the work. Of what avail will it be for the allied navies to convoy merchant fleets and fight the enemy submarines, always a most strenuous and dangerous service in either case, if the new tonnage imperatively needed is not built? The sailors are risking their lives in every hour of duty. If the shipyard workers fail to do their bit there will be an ever-increasing sacrifice of life, with disaster and defeat in the end.

If the allies do not win this war—

Passed.  
"Hasn't he got a rich wife?"  
"Yes; but he hasn't declared any dividend so far."—Ideas.

**Oakland Ophium**  
Two Shows Daily, 2 and 8 p. m. Phone Oak 711  
FOUR MARK BROTHERS & CO.  
Present "Home Again"  
ADELAIDE BOWERY, NORMAN AND RALPH, Renowned Dancers; DOC O'NEILL, and His Land Descriptions; SELMA GRANT, the Renowned Lady Singer; CLAUDE ROSE AND ESTELLE, Famous Singing Duo on the Stage Wire; Pathe Weekly; Christie Comedy.

Entire New Show Every Sunday.  
MATINEE EVERY DAY.  
500 reserved orchestra seats, new day matinee, 25c; entire balcony, 10c. We will reserve your seats by telephone with pleasure.

PRICES—Evenings, 25c, 50c and 75c.  
Regular Matinees Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday—25c and 50c.

TREAT FOR ALL KIDS  
FROM SIX TO SIXTY—  
MATINEE DAILY AT 2  
P. M.  
WILSON'S  
LIONS  
A Hair-Raising SEE  
Performance

MARGUERITE LAKE and College  
Chickens: BURKE TOUGHEY &  
CO.; Harry Rose; Grindell and  
Esther; Erna Antonio Trio

**KINEMA**  
SATURDAY MIDNIGHT MATINEE  
TONIGHT at 11 P. M.  
JACK TICKFORD in "SPIRIT OF '17"

**KINEMA**  
TODAY LAST TIME  
MARGUERITE CLARK "The Seven Swans"  
Also "Patsy" as a Country Hero

## TODAY 20 YEARS AGO

Spain issued declaration that the United States was trying to force a war with her.

U. S. Grant Jr. announced his candidacy for gubernatorial honors in California.

The Merchants' Exchange formally endorsed the consolidation of Oakland, Berkeley and Alameda.

Berkeley's town marshal raided cigar stands selling liquor inside the three-mile limit.

Oakland firemen were ordered to wear hats at fires and to salute the chief when they saw him.

The Ebell Club voted on the feasibility of joining with the State Federation.

The traction company tore up its tracks on Clay street from Eighth to Fourteenth streets.

**BISHOP PLAY HOUSE**  
TONIGHT—LAST TIME  
"OVER NIGHT"  
Starting Tomorrow Matinee  
The Comedy You've Been Waiting for  
"CAPTAIN KIDD, JR."  
With WILLIAM E. RAINY, Specialty  
Engaged for the Title Role.

**NEW ED THEATRE**  
1450 BROADWAY  
TODAY—LAST TIME  
Let your child see his and your favorite  
**WM. S. HART**  
"WOLVES OF THE RAIL"  
Also the awe-inspiring  
**ITALY VS. HUN** Pictures  
Flicker's Orchestra  
Tomorrow, "Empty Pockets" and  
Alice Brady's Two More Features  
Mats., 10c; Nights, 15c, Including Tax

**BROADWAY**  
TODAY ONLY  
**Dustin Farnum**  
in "North of 53"  
A Fox Special Feature  
"THE STRENGTH OF MEN"  
with EDITH STOREY  
WILLIAM WEST  
in "THE DOUGHNUT"  
10c—ALL SEATS—10c

**FRANKLIN**  
TODAY ONLY  
**IVAN MOZUKIN**  
in  
"THE QUEEN OF SPADES"  
and TEDDY SAMPSON in  
"HER AMERICAN HUSBAND"  
Anton E. Steinhilber and his Orchestra.  
Tomorrow—"LIVE" THOMAS in "The Millionaire"  
15c.

**AMERICAN**  
San Francisco, City and 17th Sts.  
Last Time in San Francisco  
Featuring Hazel Dely and Tom Moore and  
Aunt Della and Miss McPherson in "The  
Woman Penitent Friends."  
From Tomorrow—Max March in "Fields  
of Honor," and Ethel Barrymore.

**HIPPODROME**  
Oakland 910  
**ROSCOE KARNS,**  
in "The Fortune Hunter"

**KINEMA**  
TODAY LAST TIME  
MARGUERITE CLARK "The Seven Swans"  
Also "Patsy" as a Country Hero

**KINEMA**  
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## Speeches and Music Stir Patriotism at Oakland War Service League Rally

### DANGER GRAVE VICTORY SURE, SAY VICTORS

Loyalty, in word and symbol, was expressed at the great mass-meeting held last night at the Municipal Auditorium under the auspices of the Oakland War Service League. Patriotic songs were sung, flags were waved and the devotion of this community to the nation was expressed in the addresses delivered by several speakers who were cheered and applauded to the echo. The opera-house of the Auditorium was crowded.

The speakers were thrilled by the patriotic tableaux which formed the center of the program. It was a symbolic expression of the unity of the democratic nations of the world and of the historic linking of this great struggle for freedom today with the splendid American heritage of the past.

To the martial strains of the national anthems of Great Britain, Italy, Belgium and France, four groups of girls, wearing the nurse uniform and bearing in succession the flags of these nations, marched upon the stage, followed by squads of soldiers and sailors of the United States army and navy. When the nurses representing the allied nations had taken up their position on the stage, the two leaders of soldiers and sailors went to the rear of the stage and escorted Captain W. R. Thomas, representing the Grand Army of the Republic, who carried two American flags, one for the army and one for the navy, passed down from the civil war veterans to defenders of democracy today. As the veteran soldier placed the flags in the hands of the younger men the band played "The Star-Spangled Banner" and the audience rose and sang, ending the spontaneous outpouring of patriotism with cheers and applause.

#### BOLO PASHA CASE CITED AS EXAMPLE

Samuel Shortridge, the orator of the evening, after reviewing the history of the United States and the just motives which had led this country to take up arms, declared that those who could "and no love in their hearts for the republic" should be "cast out."

"You have read in THE TRIBUNE," Shortridge said, "what they do with traitors such as Bolo Pasha. That example might be followed today in California and in other states of this Union, East and West, with salutary effect. This is no time for discussion. Our land is in peril and no man has a right to get up on a soap box on a street corner and denounce the President of the United States. Let our thoughts be written plainly upon our brows, as was said in Rome many generations ago, and let those who are not with us be cast out."

Harmon Bell, head of the Oakland War Service League, presided and told of the organization, aims and achievements of the league. A stirring address, telling of the work of the women in aiding the United States in its war work was delivered by Mrs. F. C. Turner, chairman of the women's committee of the National and State Councils of Defense and third vice-president of the War Service League. A four-minute talk was made by J. H. MacLafferty.

Harry Brack, patrol leader for the Boy Scouts, presented his men to the audience and made, with the simplicity and directness of a boy leader, an appeal to the men of the audience to volunteer as scout masters.

"We depend upon scout masters for our success," he said. "There are 800 of us now in Oakland, in 20 troops. We want 1600 in 50 troops, and we can get the boys if we can find enough scout masters. I want some of you men to volunteer tonight."

Shortridge delivered an oration which aroused his auditors to repeated applause. He said in part:

"Above all partisanship we rise tonight and stand upon the grand eminence of American citizenship. The music that has ravished our hearts, the words that have been spoken, your thoughtful faces, all these things proclaim more eloquently than any words that have been uttered by me that patriotism does not slumber in Alameda county."

"This nation, spanning a continent, is not big enough to hold anyone but those who love their country now. It is a time to divide the sheep from the goats, the loyal from the disloyal."

"This nation is in danger. Let no one be lulled into a sense of false security. But I take comfort. I look into the future with hope and with confidence, for Uncle Sam has never yet been beaten."

"It has seemed that a mighty hand from Heaven has reached down to preserve that dear banner inviolate

### "U. S. Cannon Must Blow Hohenzollerns Off Face of Earth"

"Let me say to you that the same principles that Washington and Putnam and Green fought to preserve are the principles we are fighting for today. And let me tell you that I shall never be satisfied until American cannon blow the Hohenzollerns off the face of the earth."

—Samuel M. Shortridge.

"It has been said by the poet that 'Men must work and women must weep.' But to win this war, men must work, and women must work, though both may weep in their hearts." —Mrs. F. C. Turner.

"Special emphasis is now being given to the conservation of food as one of the most essential means of winning the war, and help is now being given to the War Saving Stamp drive and the drive for the War Community Service to furnish our visiting soldiers and sailors with a club home in Oakland." —Harmon Bell.

through the years of tribulation and struggle.

"Let me say to you that the same principles that Washington and Putnam and Green fought to preserve are the principles we are fighting for today. And let me tell you that I shall never be satisfied until American cannon blow the Hohenzollerns off the face of the earth."

"Let no man or woman think for a moment that our nation is an aggressor in this struggle for any form of aggrandizement. We can look in the face of Heaven without a blush. We are engaged in a struggle to preserve civilization. This nation was founded upon the eternal rock of freedom, and if this nation is worthy of the trust conferred upon it, it will be an inspiration to other nations, and it will bring about the triumph of freedom and liberty and right."

"Today, if we are worthy of the Star-Spangled Banner, raised to heaven by Washington, made spotless by Lincoln, and held high advanced by the patriotic arm of Woodrow Wilson, we will not falter, we will not hesitate on our way, but we will go forward to victory, a victory that will mean the salvation of mankind. For I believe that from Maine to Georgia, from Washington to Florida, even to the far extent of the Pacific in Manila, wherever that flag flutters, the American heart is sound, and loyalty is the song that is sung."

#### ALWAYS FOR THE ETERNAL RIGHT

"When history shall look back over the years and consider the causes of the war, it will find that the scales of justice in her hands, it will be recorded that the United States fought for eternal right."

"But let us realize that we are not fighting for brave and sorrowful Belgium, no, nor for right that may be; nor for little, suffering Serbia; we are not fighting for that gracious land from which the world has received so much of law and custom, art and beauty, for beautiful Italy, nor for that noble, splendid nation which was our friend when we were in need of help—we are not fighting to redeem immortal France; nor for that gallant nation which has carried its civilization round the world, the land of Shakespeare and of Milton—we are not fighting for the empire of Great Britain—no! We are fighting for the finest country on earth, for the land of grand sweeping prairies and snow-kissed mountains, for a nation of immortal heroes, a land of freedom and liberty and order—we are fighting for America."

"It has been said by the poet, that 'Men must work and women must weep,' said Mrs. F. C. Turner. 'But to win this war, men must work, and women must work, though both may weep in their hearts.' We must every one of us work, and it will be one of the greatest crowns that a man or woman could wear if in years to come we find that we have given our all in this great struggle."

HARMON BELL TELLS  
OF PATRIOTIC SPIRIT

Harmon Bell, president of the War Service League, said in part:

"This meeting was called by the Oakland War Service League for the purpose of giving expression to the patriotism of the citizens of this city."

"The Oakland War Service League was brought into being by this spirit of patriotism and was born in this Auditorium a little over two months ago."

"The League is an effort on behalf of the men and women of Oakland to organize for the most efficient service and the fullest sacrifice can be brought about for the purpose of winning the war."

"The League does not interfere

## LEND HAND IN STARTING OF CITY MARKET

Plans to take up and make a study of the municipal market problem are being made by a number of organizations, with a view to co-operating with the Oakland Board of Market Directors in urging the creation of a municipal free market in this city. The Alameda County Civic Association, which was one of the pioneers in urging the public market plan, will resume consideration of the problem, and may again urge the recommendations of the market committee, which was headed by E. C. Kayser.

Mayor Davis's proposal that a market shall be established to bring producer and consumer together has met with the approval of several organizations. The establishment of a municipal market zone to comprise both sides of Fifth and Sixth streets extending from Clay to Franklin, as the first step toward the realization of a genuine municipal market, is the proposal of members of the Downtown Property Owners' Association, who have been making a careful study of Mayor Davis's recommendation.

The Public Ownership League of the East Bay cities has also been making an informal study of the situation, and plans to take the matter up at its next meeting. Members of this organization have been in touch with the market committee of Oakland and Berkeley, and have also investigated the handling of the market problems in cities in which public markets have been established. A number of women's clubs are also undertaking a study of the question.

The Downtown Property Owners' Association, in recommending the establishment of a market zone, takes the position that while the need of a municipal free market is evident, it may not be advisable at this time to expend any large amount of money for the purpose, and that the development of the market as a municipal institution should be brought about by gradual stages of encouragement beginning with the free market zones.

This is the curbstone market plan which has been tried with success in many cities. The Downtown Property Owners suggest that the market zone be set aside on certain days for the use of farmers and producers of food stuffs who would be permitted to stand their wares at the curb and sell from their own carts to the consumer without rent being exacted, other than the small nominal fee collected from each wagon to defray the cost of policing and cleaning the streets on market days.

### What is doing TO-NIGHT.

Elks celebrate fiftieth anniversary, clubrooms.

Women's Rowing Club gives Red Cross benefit. Auditorium.

Alameda County Protective Association gives ball, Moose hall.

Macdonough—The Love Liar.

Orpheum—Marx Brothers and vaudeville.

Pantheons—Wilson's Lions.

Bishop—Over Night.

Hotel—The Fortune Hunter.

T. & L.—Heroes Italy vs. the Hun.

American—Tom Moore in Brown of Harvard.

Franklin—Ivan Mankin in The Queen of Spades.

Marquette—Marguerite Clark in The Seven Years.

Broadway—For France.

Lake Merritt—Boating.

### What is doing TO-MORROW.

Judeans give dance, Wigwam hall, evening.

Concert, Auditorium art gallery, afternoon.

Alden Grove No. 216, U. A. O. D., gives masquerade ball, Golden West hall, evening.

Luella Twining speaks on "Peace Terms," Debs hall, evening.

with the work of other organizations but helps them in their war service.

"The League now has representatives from 135 organizations of the City of Oakland, it has already formed 11 district clubs and eventually will have 24 district clubs, and expects to have every precinct in Oakland organized."

"The Executive Committee, consisting of twenty-five lay supervisors of the work through its sub-committees, and you are familiar with its accomplishments and the various drives for war service purposes and in the conservation of food, in stamping out German propaganda, in the investigation of enemy spies and sympathizers. Special emphasis is now being given to the conservation of food as one of the most essential means of winning the war, and help is now being given to the War Saving Stamp drive and the drive for the War Community Service to furnish our visiting soldiers and sailors with a club home in Oakland."

"We are also trying to help the Springs-Brook and Boy Scouts campaigns."

"The League as an organization is an expression of pure democracy and stands, and shall always stand, without carrying criticism, in support of the Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States, President Woodrow Wilson."

## Captive French Ace, Bound to Plane, Drives Captor to Death



"—a huge, limp mass of broken flesh, out of which stared glazed, wide-open eyes above a blood-stained blond mustach a-la-kaiser."

### "If You Start Anything I'll Kill You," Says Hun, But Presence of Mind Is Never Lost by "Prisoner"

THE HUMAN METEORITE.  
By Gerald Brandon.

The regiment, resting after a strenuous week in the trenches, was engaged at Minicollers, a tiny village some fifteen kilometers back of the line. I was on guard duty, and, despite the fact that there was no danger of an enemy surprise, was very much on the "qui-vive."

I had been caught napping by the adjutant of the guard, a crusty old disciplinarian who had led in for me and who would have welcomed the chance of reporting me for laxity of vigilance.

The incessant booming of our heavy artillery, resounded in the woods between us and the trenches, made it more difficult for me.

As I sat there, I saw a small figure dart through the air and hit the ground in my vicinity. It was no shell or bomb. I knew this by the sound it made, through the air and the flat, dull thud of its impact.

My first instinctive act was to scan the sky for a sign of hostile aircraft. Nothing doing. My attention was attracted by the sound of a motor, and I saw a small figure dart through the air and hit the ground in my vicinity. It was no shell or bomb. I knew this by the sound it made, through the air and the flat, dull thud of its impact.

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off my motor and volplaned down to within five hundred meters without making any noise.

"The railroad yards were brilliantly lighted and very busy. I dropped my eight bombs with unusual success. The shells caught fire, whole trainloads of ammunition exploded, one car after another.

ESCAPES AIR BATTERIES—  
THEN HIS ENGINE DIES

"Of course, their aerial batteries woke up and tried to get me, but I was lucky and got out of range before their searchlights picked me out. A couple of Fokkers and Aviatiks chased me, but I was faster than they and had a big start, so they gave it up after a hundred kilometers."

myself over my escape my motor started missing and eventually died.

"That was hard luck all right. To have fooled their searchlights, dodged their shells, out-spied their battleplanes and then to be forced to descend tamely a mere fifty kilometers from our lines on account of engine trouble, I made a pretty good descent in a field of beetroot and examined my motor. Hurrah! Nothing but a faulty plug. In ten minutes I would be on my way again. For my arrival seemed not to have been noticed."

"But just as I was about to dash my eyes and found that I was surrounded by a circle of boches who closed in on me rapidly, not even giving me time to set fire to the machine."

"There was no sense in attempting to resist, though it did hurt me to have them capture my plane intact, but 'cet la guerre!' I allowed myself to be searched for weapons, lit a cigarette and followed my captors to their company headquarters, where I was presented to their captain, the chap who is lying there."

"Captain Adolph von Haussmann prided himself on being a true sportsman, having lived many years in England and France—spring, no doubt."

CAPTOR SITS HIM DOWN TO  
SANDWICHES AND BEER.

"He received me with great show of courtesy, insisted on my joining him in

What then had he been doing up in the air fifteen kilometers over our lines? As we pondered over the mystery the alarm was given outside, and out anti-aircraft guns began pounding away at a plane which, regardless of the shells which burst all around it, came toward us in a masterly spiral dive. As it approached we recognized it as a French machine and ceased firing.

"HAVE YOU SEE MY  
BOCHET? YELLS AIRMAN

"I searched the sky and we remained around it waiting for the pilot to get down, but instead he yelled out excitedly: 'Have you seen my boche? Has anyone a knife? Cut these caps and let me see what is the matter with you all! Can't you see that I am tied here? Cut me loose, I say!'

Most aviators love their machines, but I never saw a pilot so attached to his aeroplane as was that one. It would have taken a howling to set him free without using a knife."

We escorted the pilot to the officer of the guard, who satisfied himself as to his identity. He was Lieutenant Leclercq, the famous 'Ace.'

Leclercq strode over to the corner where the body of the Prussian officer lay huddled in a shapeless heap.

"Ah, the sacred pie! So you found him, did you? Well, he got his desert. In his pocket, on dropping him so far the lines he might have fallen on some good Frenchman, but I could not help myself. Put yourselves in my place. I could not stand it another second." By this time there was a group of officers present, among them the commandant.

COMMANDANT'S CURIOSITY  
NOT TO BE TRIFLED WITH

"For God's sake, young man, do not kill us with curiosity," the commandant half commanded, half entreated. "What could you not stand another second? And if you are responsible for that carion, at least tell us what you did with his aeroplane?"

Just then I had to go back to my post, for the old adjutant caught my eye with a glance that threatened the guard-house. A few days later, however, I read Leclercq's story in a Paris newspaper.

This was what he told:

"I was on guard on a bombing expedition early in the evening. Splendid weather, motor humming rhythmically."

"Just as I crossed the German lines I was caught for a fraction of a second in the beam of a searchlight, but I turned on one wing, did the 'falling leaf' for a drop of five hundred meters, and climbed up another thousand a little farther on, leaving the luminous broom to sweep blindly in search of me while the shells burst harmlessly where I no longer was."

"This was the only incident. I arrived at Stuttgart, flying very high, shut

a sandwich and a glass of beer, and tried to jump me.

"His clumsy cross-questioning under the guise of off-hand conversation amused me greatly. I pretended to be his dupe and told him all sorts of astonishing things. At last he proposed that I should take him for a spin in my plane, and I accepted with alacrity, planning to land within our lines with him, willy nilly."

We started on the following morning.

"But alas, there was method in the boche's madness. No sooner had I taken my seat in the pilot's place than I was served and tied securely as you found me, play being allowed only to my hands and feet. Then the German, sitting in the observer's place behind me, opened the cold muzzle of a revolver against my neck and ordered me to fly southward at an elevation of two thousand meters."

"At first I did not worry. The average layman loses his sense of direction, gravity and speed when in the air, and I counted on fooling him easily. But I reckoned without my host, who the moment that I touched my controls with the intention of acting otherwise than according to his instructions, pushed his revolver deeper into the base of my neck and warned me not to try any monkey business, as he had spent several weeks in an aviation school and knew what he was about."

"We were now well over our lines, and the boche drew from his pocket a head-quarters map upon which he began to note the emplacements of our batteries. I raked within me and decided to descend at all hazards, preferring to die rather than continue to serve the enemy in the ignominious way I was doing; but my captor sensed my resolution, and showed me the hopelessness of it in a sneering, yet logical argument."

"IF YOU START ANYTHING  
I WILL KILL YOU."

"If you start anything I will kill you immediately," he said, "and I will have plenty of time to regain control of the machine before she falls half on the two thousand feet that separate us from the ground. In fact, I

will get along better without you, for I will then be able to fly lower and will get a better view of your lines."

"Suddenly an idea struck me. A simple method of getting rid of my little old man of the sea. As I have told you, I was securely tied to my seat, while the German, in order to be able to get to the controls rapidly in case of trouble with me, had purposely refrained from strapping himself in."

"I jerked the nose of my plane upward and did the loop-the-loop."

"The German had barely time to drop his revolver and grab onto the machine with both hands. As we flew upside down for a second or two his entire body hung out of the car. I could not keep flying in that position very long, and I feared that he would be able to hold on, so I twisted around and wrenched one of his hands away from the rail."

"Then he dropped, and I righted my plane and landed."

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## SAY CANNERY WAGE RATE IS UNDER FIRE

Failure of the piece work wage rate in California canneries was announced today by the State Industrial Welfare Commission at a meeting which was called to consider the establishment of a minimum time rate in place of the present system.

The order of the commission establishing a rate of 25 cents a hundred pounds for apricot workers and varying rates for workers on other fruits, was produced many inequalities. The principal inequality, according to the commission, was the inability of some of the workers to earn more than five cents an hour under this plan.

Cannery representatives present said that the establishment of a minimum wage would work a hardship because some of the workers would fail to equal their present effort if a specified wage was assured them. Members of the commission suggested the establishment of a bonus system in addition to a minimum wage in order to secure the desired production. The canners replied that the bonus system had been tried but had been unsuccessful.

Mrs. Katherine Philips Edson, executive officer of the commission, stated that the low wages paid by the canneries had caused great discouragement among the women workers, and there was a constant migration of these workers to better paying positions, to the detriment of fruit preserving industry. A fixed wage would lighten the ineffectual worker until she became expert, Mrs. Edson said, and this would permit the canneries to retain practically all of their help.

The employment of children in canneries was said by the employers present to be generally unsatisfactory. Suggestions were made that if minimum wage laws are fixed, children and other minors be placed on a different basis than adults.

A fixed wage of 16 cents an hour was suggested for the apricot industry by the commission. This was said by the commission to be the principal canning industry of the state. The establishment of fixed wage rates for other fruits was not gone into.

The piece rate order of the commission was promulgated March 23, 1917. Five per cent of the workers were put on a minimum time work basis which called for sixteen cents an hour for experienced and thirteen cents an hour for inexperienced hands. This minimum time work rate applied only to women that could not be handled in a satisfactory manner on a piece rate basis.

The commission is to hold another meeting on Wednesday, February 27, in San Francisco, at which time the new rate arrangement probably will be announced.

will get along better without you, for I will then be able to fly lower and will get a better view of your lines."

"Suddenly an idea struck me. A simple method of getting rid of my little old man of the sea. As I have told you, I was securely tied to my seat, while the German, in order to be able to get to the controls rapidly in case of trouble with me, had purposely refrained from strapping himself in."

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"Then he dropped, and I righted my plane and landed."

Copyright, 1918, by Gerald Brandon.

## SECURITY BANK

Commercial and Savings

YOU MAY SUBSCRIBE HERE TO  
ANY WAR WORK FUND

First and Second Liberty Bonds now ready for delivery—  
Please Call and Get Them.

ARE YOU BUYING WAR SAVING STAMPS?

N.E. Cor. 11th and Broadway

## Kryptoks

Are the glasses combining  
both near and far visions in  
one, all in one piece of glass,  
without lines, cement or bumps,  
See us about them.

CHAS. H. WOOD  
CORNEAL OPTOMETRIST  
FITTER  
414 FOURTEENTH STREET,  
OAKLAND, CALIF.  
THE WINKING EYE

—the genial warmth of Ghirardelli's

OUTDOORS—cold, wet, clammy. Indoors—  
bright, warm, cheerful.

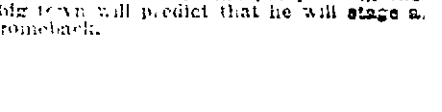
A corner by the fireside—a book to read—and a  
steaming cup of Ghirardelli's to round out the quiet  
pleasure of the evening.

In 1/4 lb., 1 lb. and 5 lb.  
cans; a tablespoonful—  
one cent's worth—makes  
a cup.

Since 1852 D. GHIRARDELLI CO. San Francisco

Ghirardelli's Ground Chocolate

**By H. A. MacGILL**  
Creator of the Hall-Room Boys



## WHERE TO GO THIS EVENING

THERE'S A PICTURE THEATRE  
NEAR YOUR HOME

### DOWNTOWN.

**NEW T. & D.** 11th—11th—Bill  
"The Italian War Pictures."

**AMERICAN** Alice Joyce, "Woman  
Between Friends," Tom Moore,  
"Crown of Thorns."

**BROADWAY.**  
"VENGEANCE AND THE WOMAN."  
No. 1 Canada (science), com. news.  
IMPERIAL, 10th.

**TELEGRAPH AVENUE.**  
STRAND 3rd—Madre Kennedy in  
"Nearly Married."

**EAST TWELFTH STREET.**  
HARRY MOREY, Corinne Griffiths, "Who  
Goes There?" 2-r. com. PARK, 7th av.

**ELMHURST.**  
Wm. Desmond, "Thinking Back,"  
comedies. BIJOU, 8th av.

Have you a backyard? Do you  
keep poultry? Read the "Poultry  
Column" under "For Sale."

### F. & A. M. DIRECTORY

Living Oak Lodge No. 61 meets Friday  
evening, Feb. 22, at Masonic Temple, 12th  
and Washington sts.; second degree.

**Scottish Rite Bodies**  
Cathedral, 15th and Madison  
sts., meets Monday evening,  
Feb. 18, 14, A. H. Ziegler,  
presiding.

**AAHME TEMPLE**  
A. O. N. M. S. meets 3rd  
Wednesday of month at Pa-  
cific Bldg., 15th-Jefferson sts.  
Visiting nobles welcome.  
B. A. HAZELTON, Potentate.  
J. A. HILL, Recorder.

**I. O. O. F.**  
Porter Lodge No. 27, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Monday evening,  
Feb. 18, third degree team please report  
for drill, at Niles, 2nd and  
G. C. HAZELTON, Rec. Secy.

**I. O. O. F. TEMPLE**  
ELEVENTH ST. AT FRANKLIN.  
FOUNTAIN NO. 198, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Monday evening,  
Feb. 18, 14, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Tuesday evening,  
Feb. 19, 15, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Wednesday evening,  
Feb. 20, 16, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Thursday evening,  
Feb. 21, 17, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Friday evening,  
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Feb. 27, 23, I. O. O. F.  
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Feb. 28, 24, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Friday evening,  
Feb. 29, 25, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Saturday evening,  
Feb. 30, 26, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Sunday evening,  
Mar. 1, 27, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Monday evening,  
Mar. 2, 28, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Tuesday evening,  
Mar. 3, 29, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Wednesday evening,  
Mar. 4, 30, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Thursday evening,  
Mar. 5, 31, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Friday evening,  
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Apr. 3, 29, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Saturday evening,  
Apr. 4, 30, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Sunday evening,  
Apr. 5, 31, I. O. O. F.

**KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS**  
OAKLAND LODGE NO. 103,  
Thursday, Feb. 21, at 8 o'clock.  
KNIGHT RANK, 12th and  
Washington sts., meets every  
Monday evening, Feb. 18, 14,  
10, 16, 22, 28, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Tuesday evening,  
Feb. 19, 15, 21, 27, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Wednesday evening,  
Feb. 20, 16, 22, 28, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Thursday evening,  
Feb. 21, 17, 23, 29, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Friday evening,  
Feb. 22, 18, 24, 30, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Saturday evening,  
Feb. 23, 19, 25, 31, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Sunday evening,  
Feb. 24, 20, 26, 3, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Monday evening,  
Feb. 25, 21, 27, 3, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Tuesday evening,  
Feb. 26, 22, 28, 4, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Wednesday evening,  
Feb. 27, 23, 29, 5, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Thursday evening,  
Feb. 28, 24, 30, 6, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Friday evening,  
Feb. 29, 25, 31, 7, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Saturday evening,  
Mar. 1, 26, 3, 8, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Sunday evening,  
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meets every Monday evening,  
Mar. 3, 28, 5, 10, I. O. O. F.  
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Mar. 4, 29, 6, 11, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Wednesday evening,  
Mar. 5, 30, 7, 12, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Thursday evening,  
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Jun. 1, 25, 2, 7, I. O. O. F.  
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Jun. 21, 14, 22, 27, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Sunday evening,  
Jun. 22, 15, 23, 28, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Monday evening,  
Jun. 23, 16, 24, 29, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Tuesday evening,  
Jun. 24, 17, 25, 30, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Wednesday evening,  
Jun. 25, 18, 26, 31, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Thursday evening,  
Jun. 26, 19, 27, 1, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Friday evening,  
Jun. 27, 20, 28, 2, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Saturday evening,  
Jun. 28, 21, 29, 3, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Sunday evening,  
Jun. 29, 22, 30, 4, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Monday evening,  
Jun. 30, 23, 31, 5, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Tuesday evening,  
Jul. 1, 24, 1, 6, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Wednesday evening,  
Jul. 2, 25, 2, 7, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Thursday evening,  
Jul. 3, 26, 3, 8, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Friday evening,  
Jul. 4, 27, 4, 9, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Saturday evening,  
Jul. 5, 28, 5, 10, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Sunday evening,  
Jul. 6, 29, 6, 11, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Monday evening,  
Jul. 7, 30, 7, 12, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Tuesday evening,  
Jul. 8, 31, 8, 13, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Wednesday evening,  
Jul. 9, 1, 9, 14, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Thursday evening,  
Jul. 10, 2, 10, 15, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Friday evening,  
Jul. 11, 3, 11, 16, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Saturday evening,  
Jul. 12, 4, 12, 17, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Sunday evening,  
Jul. 13, 5, 13, 18, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Monday evening,  
Jul. 14, 6, 14, 19, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Tuesday evening,  
Jul. 15, 7, 15, 20, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Wednesday evening,  
Jul. 16, 8, 16, 21, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Thursday evening,  
Jul. 17, 9, 17, 22, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Friday evening,  
Jul. 18, 10, 18, 23, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Saturday evening,  
Jul. 19, 11, 19, 24, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Sunday evening,  
Jul. 20, 12, 20, 25, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Monday evening,  
Jul. 21, 13, 21, 26, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Tuesday evening,  
Jul. 22, 14, 22, 27, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Wednesday evening,  
Jul. 23, 15, 23, 28, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Thursday evening,  
Jul. 24, 16, 24, 29, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Friday evening,  
Jul. 25, 17, 25, 30, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Saturday evening,  
Jul. 26, 18, 26, 31, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Sunday evening,  
Jul. 27, 19, 27, 1, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Monday evening,  
Jul. 28, 20, 28, 2, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Tuesday evening,  
Jul. 29, 21, 29, 3, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Wednesday evening,  
Jul. 30, 22, 30, 4, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Thursday evening,  
Jul. 31, 23, 31, 5, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Friday evening,  
Aug. 1, 24, 1, 6, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Saturday evening,  
Aug. 2, 25, 2, 7, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Sunday evening,  
Aug. 3, 26, 3, 8, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Monday evening,  
Aug. 4, 27, 4, 9, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Tuesday evening,  
Aug. 5, 28, 5, 10, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Wednesday evening,  
Aug. 6, 29, 6, 11, I. O. O. F.  
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Aug. 7, 30, 7, 12, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Friday evening,  
Aug. 8, 31, 8, 13, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Saturday evening,  
Aug. 9, 1, 9, 14, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Sunday evening,  
Aug. 10, 2, 10, 15, I. O. O. F.  
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Aug. 11, 3, 11, 16, I. O. O. F.  
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Aug. 12, 4, 12, 17, I. O. O. F.  
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Aug. 13, 5, 13, 18, I. O. O. F.  
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Aug. 15, 7, 15, 20, I. O. O. F.  
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Aug. 16, 8, 16, 21, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Sunday evening,  
Aug. 17, 9, 17, 22, I. O. O. F.  
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Aug. 18, 10, 18, 23, I. O. O. F.  
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Aug. 19, 11, 19, 24, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Wednesday evening,  
Aug. 20, 12, 20, 25, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Thursday evening,  
Aug. 21, 13, 21, 26, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Friday evening,  
Aug. 22, 14, 22, 27, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Saturday evening,  
Aug. 23, 15, 23, 28, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Sunday evening,  
Aug. 24, 16, 24, 29, I. O. O. F.  
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Aug. 26, 18, 26, 31, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Wednesday evening,  
Aug. 27, 19, 27, 1, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Thursday evening,  
Aug. 28, 20, 28, 2, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Friday evening,  
Aug. 29, 21, 29, 3, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Saturday evening,  
Aug. 30, 22, 30, 4, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Sunday evening,  
Aug. 31, 23, 31, 5, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Monday evening,  
Sep. 1, 24, 1, 6, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Tuesday evening,  
Sep. 2, 25, 2, 7, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Wednesday evening,  
Sep. 3, 26, 3, 8, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Thursday evening,  
Sep. 4, 27, 4, 9, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Friday evening,  
Sep. 5, 28, 5, 10, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Saturday evening,  
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Sep. 11, 3, 11, 16, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Friday evening,  
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meets every Saturday evening,  
Sep. 13, 5, 13, 18, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Sunday evening,  
Sep. 14, 6, 14, 19, I. O. O. F.  
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meets every Wednesday evening,  
Sep. 17, 9, 17, 22, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Thursday evening,  
Sep. 18, 10, 18, 23, I. O. O. F.  
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Sep. 19, 11, 19, 24, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Saturday evening,  
Sep. 20, 12, 20, 25, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Sunday evening,  
Sep. 21, 13, 21, 26, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Monday evening,  
Sep. 22, 14, 22, 27, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Tuesday evening,  
Sep. 23, 15, 23, 28, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Wednesday evening,  
Sep. 24, 16, 24, 29, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Thursday evening,  
Sep. 25, 17, 25, 30, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Friday evening,  
Sep. 26, 18, 26, 31, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Saturday evening,  
Sep. 27, 19, 27, 1, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Sunday evening,  
Sep. 28, 20, 28, 2, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Monday evening,  
Sep. 29, 21, 29, 3, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Tuesday evening,  
Sep. 30, 22, 30, 4, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Wednesday evening,  
Oct. 1, 23, 31, 5, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Thursday evening,  
Oct. 2, 24, 1, 6, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Friday evening,  
Oct. 3, 25, 2, 7, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Saturday evening,  
Oct. 4, 26, 3, 8, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Sunday evening,  
Oct. 5, 27, 4, 9, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Monday evening,  
Oct. 6, 28, 5, 10, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Tuesday evening,  
Oct. 7, 29, 6, 11, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Wednesday evening,  
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meets every Thursday evening,  
Oct. 9, 31, 8, 13, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Friday evening,  
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meets every Saturday evening,  
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meets every Sunday evening,  
Oct. 12, 3, 11, 16, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Monday evening,  
Oct. 13, 4, 12, 17, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Tuesday evening,  
Oct. 14, 5, 13, 18, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Wednesday evening,  
Oct. 15, 6, 14, 19, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Thursday evening,  
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meets every Friday evening,  
Oct. 17, 8, 16, 21, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Saturday evening,  
Oct. 18, 9, 17, 22, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Sunday evening,  
Oct. 19, 10, 18, 23, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Monday evening,  
Oct. 20, 11, 19, 24, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Tuesday evening,  
Oct. 21, 12, 20, 25, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Wednesday evening,  
Oct. 22, 13, 21, 26, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Thursday evening,  
Oct. 23, 14, 22, 27, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Friday evening,  
Oct. 24, 15, 23, 28, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Saturday evening,  
Oct. 25, 16, 24, 29, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Sunday evening,  
Oct. 26, 17, 25, 30, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Monday evening,  
Oct. 27, 18, 26, 31, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Tuesday evening,  
Oct. 28, 19, 27, 1, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Wednesday evening,  
Oct. 29, 20, 28, 2, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Thursday evening,  
Oct. 30, 21, 29, 3, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Friday evening,  
Oct. 31, 22, 30, 4, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Saturday evening,  
Nov. 1, 23, 31, 5, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Sunday evening,  
Nov. 2, 24, 1, 6, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Monday evening,  
Nov. 3, 25, 2, 7, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Tuesday evening,  
Nov. 4, 26, 3, 8, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Wednesday evening,  
Nov. 5, 27, 4, 9, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Thursday evening,  
Nov. 6, 28, 5, 10, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Friday evening,  
Nov. 7, 29, 6, 11, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Saturday evening,  
Nov. 8, 30, 7, 12, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Sunday evening,  
Nov. 9, 31, 8, 13, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Monday evening,  
Nov. 10, 1, 9, 14, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Tuesday evening,  
Nov. 11, 2, 10, 15, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Wednesday evening,  
Nov. 12, 3, 11, 16, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Thursday evening,  
Nov. 13, 4, 12, 17, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Friday evening,  
Nov. 14, 5, 13, 18, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Saturday evening,  
Nov. 15, 6, 14, 19, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Sunday evening,  
Nov. 16, 7, 15, 20, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Monday evening,  
Nov. 17, 8, 16, 21, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Tuesday evening,  
Nov. 18, 9, 17, 22, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Wednesday evening,  
Nov. 19, 10, 18, 23, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Thursday evening,  
Nov. 20, 11, 19, 24, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Friday evening,  
Nov. 21, 12, 20, 25, I. O. O. F.  
meets every Saturday evening,  
Nov. 22, 13, 21, 2

## ROOMS TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

OAKLAND, 515—2 sunny, sun, room, hardwood, floor, 2 closets, suitable for one or two beds; night furniture. Phone 1234.

## HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS.

ALICE, 1414, near Hotel Oakland—1 to 3 rooms, 310-320, phone Lakeside 2983.  
CAMPBELL ST., 576—2 sunny, furn. hkg. room, electric, also 2 single front rooms.  
FOURTEENTH ST., 327—Light house-keeping and single for quiet people; elec. fridges, running water. Oakland 2853.  
FRANKLIN ST., 1581—Sunny, light hkg. rooms; running water. Oakland 2853.  
FRANKLIN ST., 175—Single house-keeping, gas, bath, free phone, etc.

HARRISON, 1456—Single hkg. room, 37; electric lights. Oakland 4834.  
JONES ST., 619—1-2 rms., \$8 to \$20 per mo.; elec. light, gas incl. S. P. K. R.  
LINCOLN AVE., 1523—Alameda—2 sunny sunny rms., bath, elec. light incl. \$2.50

MYRTLE ST., 1525—Clean sunny 1 and 2 hkg. rooms, rent reasonable.  
MEAD AVE., 822—1 single hkg. rm., \$2 wk., nr. 26th off San Pablo.

WEBSTER, 2073—Sunny little room, furn. hkg. room, couch, screen, etc., free phone, 55 to permanent tenant.  
WEBSTER ST., 506—4 hkg. rooms, all conveniences; \$3 week; fine for 2 men. Phone Oakland 1236.

WEBSTER ST., 4332—2 large sunny rms., complete for hkg. Ph. Pied. 5171.  
WEST ST., 1809—2 and 3 rooms, \$12-\$14; large front rm., sun, water, elec. \$3 wk.

6TH ST., 428—Very large room, 2 beds; 3-bd. gas plate; quiet; comfortable; phone, bath, view; baths; cheap rent.  
8TH AVE., 2325—4 large, clean, sunny, unfurn. rooms; gas, elec.; private bath; hot water; 20 sunny children.

11TH ST., 137—Clean, sunny, connecting room, day window, gas, water, phone; rent reasonable; also nice clean room for girls' employ. light housekeeping.  
12TH ST., 357—Sunny suite, \$2.50 week; large front rm., sun, water, elec. \$3 wk.

22ND ST., 641—2 large outside rms.; all conv., hot water, etc., \$10.  
27TH ST., 594—Two pleasant rooms and kitchenette; gas, Cal. or phone Lakeside 1814, Sunday.

28TH ST., 557—Sunny suite, \$2.50 week; large front rm., sun, water, elec. \$3 wk.  
32ND ST., 641—2 large outside rms.; all conv., hot water, etc., \$10.

27TH ST., 594—Two pleasant rooms and kitchenette; gas, Cal. or phone Lakeside 1814, Sunday.  
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## FLATS TO LET—FURNISHED.

SUNNY upper 4-room partially furnished flat, 2 wall beds; close to Technical High School and Key Route; perfect for one or two beds; 456 1st st. Piedmont 1852-W.

UPPER 4 sunny rooms; bath, kitchen; w. trass; S.P. K.R.; rent \$10. Linden.

4-ROOM furn. apt. in large bldg. required. 255 9th st. Key 454 26th st.

4 AND 5 ROOM flats, near Key Route. Phone 64 497 26th Linden

## HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

ADAMS POINT HOME  
An elegantly furnished home of 7 rms. and sleeping porch on Palm Ave., near Bellevue Ave., to lease to responsible tenant.

SEILBERGER & DUNHAM  
206 Thomson Bldg., 1708 Broadway.

AN exceptional home in Lower Piedmont, 7 rms., and sleeping porch; beautiful view and garden; deep lot; furnace; hardwood floors; rent \$50; no garage. Lakeside 3655.

AA-CLAREMONT dist., 6-rm. cement cottage; nr. K. R.; hwd. floors, shower, gas, bath, free phone, etc. \$2.75.

A MODERN 5-rm. cottage; view; warm belt; 1838 E. 25th st.; Key 1358.

CLAREMONT BUNGALOW  
Never occupied; cement; 5 rooms and bath; hardwood floors; extra nice; \$35. Alameda County Bldg. Co., 1423 San Pablo ave., Lakeside 400.

COZY 7-rm. house; 777 13th st., 4 min. walk from city hall; house completely renovated and painted inside and out. For inspection, phone from 10 to 4 m. to 4 p. m. Rent \$55.

COTTAGE of 5 rms.; good loc.; gas, elec., hwd. fls.; 512 Fruitvale 512 or Fruit 1604.

FOR RENT—From 4 to 7 rooms in large house occupied by owner and wife; for inspection, phone from 10 to 4 m. to 4 p. m. Oakland 1175.

ADAMS POINT  
5-ROOM MODERN HOUSE. HARDWOOD FLOORS. 2 1/2 BLOCK FROM GRAND AVE. CAR LINE.

SEILBERGER & DUNHAM  
THOMSON BLDG., PH. OAK 1461.

MODERN 5-rm. house; 777 13th st., 4 min. walk from city hall; house completely renovated and painted inside and out. For inspection, phone from 10 to 4 m. to 4 p. m. Rent \$55.

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## HOUSES AND FLATS WANTED.

FURNISHED 3 or 4-room bungalow in good condition. Ph. Pied. 1532-W.

FURNISHED home or flat wanted; family 3 adults. Mrs. Brown, Lakeside 321.

MARCH 1, by couple, 4 or 6-room modern furnished house, reasonable; near S. E. train, must be near good car. Box 131, Tribune, San Francisco.

WANTED—Cottage 6 rooms; no children; please state price. Box 2555, Tribune.

4 or 5-ROOM lower flat or cottage, furn. or partly furn., by couple with 2 children; must be reasonable. Oakland 712.

## AUTOS, Etc.

AUTOMOBILES  
BUICK ROADSTER  
In first class condition, new top and paint, 5 good tires, a bargain; \$325. Pied. 4455.

BUICK roadster, 1913, in good condition. Mr. Edwards; phone Lakeside 2960.

C. P. KIEL  
WESTCOAST-DETROITER-DORT  
1917 Detroit 4-passenger.  
1917 Hudson super 6, touring.  
1917 Ford 4-passenger.  
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**AUCTION SALES**  
**J. A. MUNRO & CO.**  
AUCTIONEERS.  
1507 Clay st., cor. 10th st.; phone Oak-  
land 4671. Will pay highest price paid

**W. T. DAVIS & CO.**  
AUCTIONEERS  
559 12th st., opp. Orpheum; phone Lake-  
side 243. Furniture, merchandise, etc.  
Pay highest cash prices. Lot us bid on  
whatever you have to sell, or will sell  
on commission.

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**Eastern Produce**

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CHICAGO, Feb. 16.—Butter unchanged.  
Eggs firm; fresh.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—Butter firm; receipts, 12,157 tubs. Creamery, higher than the extras, 52½@53c; extras, 92 score 52c; firsts, 49½@51½c; seconds, 47½@49c.

**LEGAL NOTICES.**

In the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Alameda.

In the matter of the estate of William Henry Beck, also known as William H. Beck, deceased.

the will annexed of the estate of WILLIAM HENRY BECK, also known as WILLIAM H. BECK, deceased, having filed his petition herein praying for an order to execute option to purchase mining claims and property belonging to said estate, for the

It is ordered, that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased appear before said Superior Court on Thursday, the 21st day of February, 1918, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day at the Court Room of said Court Department No. 4, thereof, at the Court

Alameda State of California, to show cause, if any they have, why an order should not be granted to said Administrator, with the will annexed, to execute such option; and

It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published for four successive days in the following manner:

Dated: January 24th, 1918.  
F. H. OGDEN,  
Judge of the Superior Court.  
GIBSON & WOOLNER, Attorneys for

land, Cal.  
Date of first publication: Jan. 24, 1918.

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NOTICE OF HEARING  
BEFORE THE RAILROAD COMMISSION  
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

Application No. 3505.  
In the matter of the application of  
EAST BAY WATER COMPANY a cor-

Application No. 3506.  
Notice of hearing.  
Notice is hereby given that the Railroad Commission of the State of California has set a hearing in the above

Edgerton on Wednesday, February 20, 1908, at 10:30 a. m. in the office of the Commission, 833 Market street, San Francisco, California, at which time and place all interested parties may appear and be heard. By order of the Railroad Commission.

0: this 14th day of February, 1918,  
5: CHARLES R. DETRICK,  
0: Secretary, Railroad Commission of the  
@ State of California.

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0: NOTICE OF TIME SET FOR PROVING  
5: WILL, ETC.

No. 23754.  
Notice of time set for proving will and of application of letters of administration

Notice is hereby given that a petition for the probate of the will of Jay Pitt Sharpstein, also known as Jay P. Sharpstein and as J. P. Sharpstein, deceased and for the issuance to Mabel Collier Sharpstein of letters of administration with the will annexed, has been filed in

February, 1918, at ten o'clock A. M., at the Courtroom of Department No. 4 of said Court, at the Court House in the City of Oakland, in the County of Alameda, has been set for the hearing of said petition when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same, and

W. C. SHARPSTEIN, Attorney for Petitioner, 801 Mills Bldg., San Francisco Cal.

OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF SAN FRANCISCO-OAKLAND TERMINAL RAILWAYS.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the SAN FRANCISCO-OAKLAND

said principal office being situated at room number 315 on the third floor of the building known as the Key System Building, the entrance to which building is number 260 Grove Street in the City of Oakland, County of Alameda, State of

Maren, A. D. 1918, at the hour of 4 o'clock in the afternoon of said day; said meeting being held for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors to serve for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

Secretary of the SAN FRANCISCO  
OAKLAND TERMINAL RAILWAYS.  
Dated: February 16th, 1918.  
Principal office, room 315, number 2183  
Grove Street, Oakland, California.

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NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

signed executors of the estate of Emma M. Marcuse, deceased, to all persons having claims against the said deceased to, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, either file them, with the necessary vouchers, in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of the

of Alameda, or exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, to us at the office of Milton H. Schwartz, 614 Syndicate Building, Oakland, California, which place the undersigned select as the place of business in all matters connected with said estate.

Executors of the estate of Emmy M. Marcuse, deceased.  
 Dated: Oakland, January 25, 1918.  
 Date of first publication: Jan. 26, 1918.  
 NOTICE OF NON-RESPONSIBILITY.

every business of G. R. Slater, located at 616 Sixteenth street, Oakland, California, and am in no way responsible for any debts or obligations contracted thereon by former owners. All outstanding bills must be presented on or before the 23rd

(Signed) F. C. HORST & CO.  
By F. C. HORST.

**NOTICE OF NON-RESPONSIBILITY.**  
We, the undersigned, have sold the grocery business located at 2148 Market street, Oakland, California, and are in no way responsible for any debts or obligations incurred by the said business.

owners. All outstanding bills must be presented on or before February 25, 1918.  
(Signed) SIMONS & SIMONS.

My wife, Jessie M. Dunstan, having left my bed and board, I will not be responsible for any bills contracted by her on and

(Signed) F. T. DUNSTAN.

